SECOND EDITION.

Newport Daily News.

SECOND EDITION.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1891. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

APRIL 20, 1891.

A LOT OF ANTIQUE

Silver Coins

AT 10 CENTS EACH.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

First Edition.

THREE OCLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

FREE EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.

A Bill Prepared for Presentation to Parliament.

LONDON, April 24.—The free education bill has been drafted and will probably be introduced before the Whitsun recess. It provides that fees be abolished in elementary schools after September 1. It is stated that the bill will provide for an element of popular control of voluntary schools by a system of elected representation from among parents and rate payers combined with the existing managers. The Liberal leaders are expected to insist upon the founding of a universal school board, on the ground that the state payment of school fees without popular control would be a vast indirect endowment of a church. Some of the Conservatives are hostile to free education, but their attitude in the matter is of less concern to the government than the difficult religious question. The bill will have a good effect in the rural electorates. Many telegrams have been sent from the lobby of the House of Commons, warning the various political agents to prepare for the early dissolution of Parliament.

The Telegraph says:—"Mr. Goschen's budget speech created the maximum amount of disappointment without provoking more than the minimum amount of complaint. The claim of the income taxpayer must not, however, be again ignored. There are limits to patient endurance."

The News says:—"Lord Salisbury has always insisted that 'assisted education' is the proper term. His colleagues appear to have convinced him that it is useless to take two bites of a cherry. The ministers appear to mean business. It is our impression that they intend to dissolve Parliament in the autumn."

The Standard strongly attacks free education. It says:—"The ministers have done themselves and their friends an ill turn in adopting the idea. The education may not abolish the church schools forthwith, but the process will only be delayed. It will impose a heavy and uncalled-for burden upon the nation. The period of surprise surpluses cannot continue indefinitely. We are within the mark in saying that the adoption of free education will be equivalent to a permanent addition of three half-pence to the income tax. In other respects than this squandering of the surplus the budget is as agreeable and as clever as any that has been presented by Mr. Goschen."

Further European Comments on the President's Speech.

VIENNA, April 24.—The Fremdenblatt and the Neue Freie Presse, in commenting upon President Harrison's speech at Galveston, agree that a European zollverein is the only answer to American protection. The Fremdenblatt suggests that European nations look to the African and Asiatic colonies for goods which they have hitherto brought from America.

To Aid the Exodus of Jews from Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—The influenza is spreading in southern Russia.

The government has exempted for three years the inhabitants of Poland from the payment of the tax of one hundred roubles upon each passport obtained without express Imperial permission. It is expected that this will facilitate the exodus of Jews to America.

Bulgaria Ready to Declare Its Independence.

LONDON, April 24.—Bulgaria will shortly request the Porte to recognize Prince Ferdinand as ruler of Bulgaria. In the event of the Porte's refusal, Bulgaria will proclaim her independence.

Canada to Abolish the Tax on Crude Oil.

OTTAWA, April 24.—It was stated in official circles yesterday that in view of the failure of the Canadian oil works the government will place crude oil on the free list this session, in order to permit the importation from the United States of raw material for refining purposes. The duty on sugar will also be lowered.

No Ammonia

In

Cleveland's

Superior

Baking Powder.

government. I, as governor of Oregon, represent the state of Oregon in the same way. We are equal. I have no business to go and pay homage to him. On the contrary, when he visits Oregon he should rather pay his respects to me as its official executive."

THE PRESIDENT IN CALIFORNIA.

Mr. Harrison's Address to the Citizens of Pasadena.

PASADENA, Cal., April 24.—At the banquet given by citizens last night to President Harrison and party the President's address was as follows:—"Gentlemen:—I beg you to accept my thanks for this banquet spread in honor of this community of strangers who have dropped in upon you tonight. We come to you after dark—I am not therefore prepared to speak of Pasadena. When the sun shall have lightened your landscape again and our expectant eyes shall have rested upon its glories, I shall be able to give you my impressions of your city, which I am already prepared to believe is one of the gems in the crown of California. [Applause.] Perhaps no other place in California has, by name, been more familiar to me than Pasadena, if you accept your great commercial city of San Francisco. That comes from the fact that many of your earlier settlers were Indian friends. I am glad to meet some of these friends here tonight. It is pleasant to renew these old acquaintances, to find that they have been received with esteem in this new community. I have found a line of Hoosiers all along these railroads we have been traversing. Everywhere our train has stopped some Hoosier has lifted his hand to me, and often by dozens. As I said the other day, Ohio men identify themselves to me by reason of that state being my birthplace, but it is not a surprise to find an Ohio man anywhere. [Laughter.] Ohio people are especially apt to be found in the vicinity of a public office. [Laughter.] I suppose whatever good fortune has come to me in the way of political preferment must be traced to the fact that I am Buckeye by birth. [Laughter.] And now I thank you most cordially again for your attention and kindness. California has been full of the most affectionate interest to us. I have never looked into the faces of more happy and intelligent people than those I have seen on the Pacific coast. [Applause.] You occupy the most important position in the sisterhood of states stretching for these several hundred miles along the Pacific shore. You have a fortunate birth and your history has been a succession of fortunate surprises. You have wrought out here great achievements in converting these plains, that seemed to be so unpromising to the eye, into such gardens as cannot be seen anywhere else upon the continent. [Applause.] And now when I remind you that bedtime was 1 o'clock last night and the reveille sounded at 6 o'clock this morning in our car, I am sure you will permit me to say good night. [Applause.]

THE NEWFOUNDLAND TROUBLES.

The Hearing of the Delegates before the House of Lords.

LONDON, April 24.—The Post, in an editorial on the hearing of the Newfoundland delegates at the bar of the House of Lords, says that Sir William Whiteway has not made out a very substantial case. The News says that the Newfoundland premier presented a temperate statement which deserves the fullest attention of the government and of the country. The Standard says:—"Sir William Whiteway's formidable indictment fails to override the broad issues. Since, however, the defense is less one of principle than one of procedure a good understanding should be easily attained." The Times says:—"If satisfactory guarantees are given, the act Premier Whiteway proposes will speedily be passed. The government will be only too pleased to be rid of their invidious task. Sir William's proposal is much the same as Lord Knutsford's, and, therefore, the excitement is hard to understand. The crux of the matter, however, is arbitration. Will Newfoundland persist in her present attitude if France steadily declines arbitration?" The Chronicle says:—"Newfoundland's objection to arbitration cannot have much weight now, but the assertion that Newfoundland was not consulted upon the adoption or renewal of the modus vivendi, if correct, is good ground for complaint."

A NARROW ESCAPE.

The Horses Attached to Mrs. Harrison's Carriage Become Frightened.

RIVERSIDE, Cal., April 24.—During the President's visit here yesterday he had just concluded a brief address to the school children, when the horses attached to a carriage containing Secretary Rusk, Mrs. Harrison and Mrs. Dimmick took fright at the shower of flowers and dashed wildly into a crowd of children, who were standing in the open road. A panic ensued and the children tumbled over each other in precipitate flight. There were four horses to the carriage and the leaders became unmanageable and tripped in the traces and fell down. Secretary Rusk had jumped out of the carriage at the first alarm and was at their heads in a moment, and with the aid of some bystanders soon had them under control. Several children went into hysterics from fright, but beyond that no harm was done. Mrs. Harrison was very nervous over her narrow escape, and declared that she would never again ride in a procession behind four horses unless a man walked at the head of the leaders.

Rev. George C. Lorimer and the Tremont Temple Pulpit.

CHICAGO, April 24.—Rev. George C. Lorimer says he has not resigned, as announced in a Boston paper and that the pulpit of Tremont Temple at Boston had not been offered him and he did not know that it would be. It would not be proper, he thought, for him to discuss the matter. As announced by the Boston papers the Temple might extend a call to him, but he did not know of it.

Russian Police Raid a Religious Meeting.

ODESSA, April 24.—The police recently raided a religious meeting of Stundists at Kieff and arrested twelve persons, who were sentenced to two months' imprisonment each. The preacher was not allowed a trial. The repetition of the offense will be at the risk of exile to Siberia.

A British Steamer with Defective Boilers.

BOSTON, April 24.—British steamer Buffalo from Hull, Eng., remains anchored below this morning. A dense fog last night prevented tugs from going to her assistance. The Buffalo has a defective boiler and cannot get up steam. Five tugs went down this morning and it is expected they will bring her up at flood tide.

The Strike Movement Spreading in Germany.

BERLIN, April 24.—The Westphalian and Rhenish strike movement is spreading, in spite of the efforts of the moderate socialists to circumscribe it. Several of the strike leaders have been arrested in the Essen district. The employers in that district threaten to dismiss all workmen who are absent after April 27.

Oregon's Governor Says He Is the Equal of the President.

PORTLAND, Oregon, April 24.—Governor Pennoyer was asked yesterday whether he would go to the state line to receive the President. In reply he said:—"Mr. Harrison represents in his official capacity the official power and dignity of the federal

Second Edition

FOUR O'CLOCK.

BY TELEGRAPH

To the Associated Press.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The Addicks Bill Still Before the House.

The Medical Bill Killed in the Senate.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, April 24.

Senate.

The senate met as usual, Governor Davis in the chair. The special order of the day, the substitute medical bill, came up, and after some amendments had been offered and some adopted the bill was finally killed. The original bill has been before the senate for some time past, and for the last few days has been postponed from day to day. It was suggested that an entirely new bill be presented to cover the case, but this will not be done now, and in consequence the so-called irregular portion of the medical profession is happy.

A bill appropriating $1,000 for the purchase of atlases and war maps for distribution to various institutions in the state was adopted, and a number of minor acts were passed.

House.

The Addicks gas bill, being an amendment of the charter of the old Columbia Land Company, for the People's Gas Company of Providence, came up as the unfinished business and occupied the attention of the house during the entire session. The friends of the bill, thinking they lacked a majority, spent the time in filibustering, endeavoring to have other business taken up and the bill continued. In this they were unsuccessful, two motions to that effect being defeated, 31 to 25 and 41 to 14. There were many short speeches, roll calls and other unimportant events in connection with the filibustering tactics until 4 half-past one the house adjourned, leaving the bill still undisposed of. There was considerable interest taken in the proceedings, and, after the adjournment, it was stated that the tactics employed today would result in the defeat of the bill two to one when it came up for a final vote.

ENDOWMENT SOCIETIES.

What the Organizations Are Doing in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, April 24.—The Boston News Bureau says:—There were fifty-four Massachusetts corporations authorized to do an endowment business under the law of 1888. Of these three did no business during the year 1890. The remaining fifty-one have made reports to the insurance commissioner, who will report these figures to the house of representatives in compliance with the order passed yesterday:—Collected for expenses, $1,287,824; collected for payment of benefits, $1,363,892; total collections, $2,651,716; paid benefits, $464,791; balance on hand January 1, 1891, $900,181. Of this there is with the Massachusetts state treasurer $363,929. Membership January 1, 1890, 19,101; joined in 1890, 150,643; ceased in 1890, 8,356; membership January 1, 1891, 159,601. Face value of certificates issued, $52,980,195. It will be seen that if it takes $1,287,824 expenses to pay $464,791 in benefits, it will take over $140,000,000 to pay the face value of the certificates outstanding. The figures are exclusive of the one hundred and two investment companies and the one hundred endowment orders from other states, whose transactions are not officially reported, but will at least equal those of the Massachusetts companies.

The Connecticut Governorship Case Postponed.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 24.—The superior court room in this city was crowded this morning in anticipation of the answer which Governor Bulkeley and General Samuel E. Merwin were to make to the quo warranto proceedings which were instituted last week by Luzon B. Morris and Dr. Alsop. No answer was made, however, and again the many lawyers and citizens were disappointed. Judge Prentiss was on the bench and, upon the request of counsel for Governor Bulkeley and Mr. Merwin, granted a continuance of the case until Friday, May 8, the motion not being actively opposed, although Judge Stoddard expressed regret that the gentleman had not an answer today.

A Body Found in the Woods Identified.

BEVERLY, Mass., April 24.—The body found yesterday in the North Beverly woods was this morning identified as that of Charles H. Robes of Somerville. The dead man was twenty-eight years old and mentally unbalanced. Two years ago the deceased attempted to commit suicide.

A Fire on Tremont Street, Boston.

BOSTON, April 24.—The building Nos. 438 and 440 Tremont street was damaged from $3,000 to $3,500 by fire this morning. A number of occupants lost from $200 to $400 each; insured.

Fatal Effects of a Fall Down Stairs.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., April 24.—William O'Dell, merchant, fell downstairs last evening and fractured his skull, dying this morning.

Sir Charles Tupper against the Canadian Pacific Railway.

LONDON, April 24.—Sir Charles Tupper, the Canadian high commissioner in London, uses two columns of the Times today to reply to Sir Henry N. Tyler, president of the Grand Trunk railway of Canada, who, at the Grand Trunk meeting on April 14, answered Sir Charles Tupper's comments on the policy of the Grand Trunk. Sir Charles, during the course of his long reply, says that he would have failed in his duty to Canada and to England if he had not exposed the attempt of the Grand Trunk to support the party in Canada whose policy during the recent elections was that of annexation. Sir Charles adds that he bitterly regrets the assistance given to the Grand Trunk in order to enable it to obtain its connection with Chicago, as it is now evident that it has made the road an American institution.

COWING THE MANIPURIS.

The British Forces Shell and Destroy Twelve Villages.

SIMLA, April 24.—Information has reached here that the British columns advancing on Manipur under Generals Lockhart and Turner reached a large native settlement, situated in the Bhagri valley. The British force halted when within sight of the settlement and sent scouts forward to inform the Manipuris that the British generals were awaiting proposals of peace from the insurgent tribes. The rebels, however, refused to answer this peaceable suggestion and, consequently, the British troops were ordered to advance. The British columns pushed forward and burned twelve villages which had been occupied by the rebels. The latter in great force retreated to the hills. The British force then shelled the hills with shrapnell, killing and wounding large numbers of the enemy. The latter is now believed to have been completely cowed.

SEWAGE IN THE RIVER.

Waterbury, Conn., Sued by a Mill Company.

WATERBURY, Conn., April 24.—The Platts Mill Company today brought suit against the city for $25,000 and asked for an injunction restraining the city from emptying its sewage into the Naugatuck river. The firm claim that their business has been greatly damaged, their factories being located on the banks of the river.

A Woonsocket Teacher Assaulted by a Pupil's Father.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., April 24.—Edward S. McFee, principal of the Boyden-street grammar school, was assaulted this afternoon by John E. Goodwin, proprietor of Goodwin's Hotel, the latter being angered over the chastisement of his son by the teacher. Goodwin met McFee in the street and struck him several blows, injuring him about the face and head, so that he is confined to his home. Civil and criminal action in the court will be begun against Goodwin.

A New Route to the White Mountains.

CONCORD, N. H., April 24.—The Concord & Montreal Railroad Company has leased from the Old Colony Railroad Company for ninety-nine years the six miles' link between North Acton and Concord Junction, Mass., and the former will run all its summer mountain trains via its Acton branch. Heretofore, the through mountain travel has been via Lowell, Mass.

No Indications of Trouble at Scottdale, Penn.

SCOTTDALE, Penn., April 24.—Comparative quiet reigned in the coke region up to noon. Evictions are being made at several places, but thus far there are no indications of trouble.

Governor Russell at the State Prison.

BOSTON, April 24.—Governor Russell, accompanied by General Corcoran of his staff, made his first visit as governor to the state prison this forenoon. One of the special objects of the visit was to examine the north wing extension project, for which $75,000 was appropriated by the legislature. The governor had an interview with Jesse Pomeroy and with a half-dozen other convicts, who are looking for pardon.

Killed by a Log.

LISBON, N. H., April 24.—Warren Stevens was instantly killed Thursday by a log which rolled over him at Piper & Sons' mills.

The Pugilists Arrive.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Charley Mitchell and Frank Slavin, the pugilists, arrived here this morning on steamer Germanic. They were accompanied by Mitchell's father-in-law, "Pony" Moore.

Hanged Himself.

CONCORD, Mass., April 24.—Henry Brooks, age 63, a life resident of Acton, hanged himself last night. He was a prominent farmer and hoop manufacturer.

A Southern Berkshire Republican Club.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., April 24.—About fifty-six men met in the court room last night to organize a Southern Berkshire Republican Club. A constitution and by-laws were adopted and the meeting adjourned to May 4, when the officers will be elected.

The Maine Methodists.

BRUNSWICK, Me., April 24.—At the Maine State Methodist Episcopal Conference today the invitation to send delegates to the National Temperance Convention at Saratoga Springs, July 15, was accepted. A resolution was adopted requesting the governor to appoint the annual "Fast day" on Good Friday. The vote on the admission of women fell just four votes short of the necessary three-fourths, and the measure failed to pass. The vote was:—For, 55; against, 23.

In the Massachusetts Legislature.

BOSTON, April 24.—The house of representatives this morning assigned to May 1 for debate the bill to fix members' salaries at $1,000. The house this afternoon rejected, by a vote of 79 to 80, the bill to require foreign corporations to report to the state authorities as do domestic corporations. The exciteness of the vote will probably result in an attempt at reconsideration next Monday. The contest over the bill has been a determined one on both sides.

FEAR A STRIKE.

Coal Operators Laying in Large Supplies.

CHICAGO, April 24.—Fearing that a strike will occur on May 1, all the coal operators with headquarters here are laying in large provisions of coal. All the Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Iowa operators expect their men to strike. They say that thirty days' cessation of work will exhaust the supplies of stock.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—Bituminous operators in this city are apprehensive of a strike in the Clearfield and Beech Creek districts on May 1. They have advised their customers to lay in a heavy stock and some of them have made conditional arrangement with Southern producers to supply enough coal to enable them to protect their most important contracts. Among others, the ocean steamship lines operating out of New York have been provided for.

Awarded $11,000 for her Injuries.

BOSTON, April 24.—The arbitrators in the case of Mrs. Martha Hall of Lowell, Mass., who had a leg and her nose broken and spine injured in the Old Colony railroad accident at Quincy, have awarded her $11,000. She is sixty-five years old.

More Gold Coin for Europe.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Gold coin to the amount of $1,000,000 has been ordered at the sub-treasury for shipment to Europe tomorrow.

New York's Daily Death Report.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The total number of deaths for twenty-four hours up to noon today was 149. Of this number 21 resulted from grip complications.

Dr. Lorimer Will Be Called to Boston.

BOSTON, April 24.—It is definitely settled that a formal call will be extended to Dr. Lorimer at tonight's meeting of the Tremont Temple society. This statement is made on the authority of several of the deacons of the church, who so informed a reporter today. It is the intention of the church, if Dr. Lorimer accepts, to provide an assistant pastor.

Polluting the Water Supply of Boston.

BOSTON, April 24.—In the supreme court today City Solicitor Bailey procured injunctions against Charles F. Cutler and others, who, it is alleged, are polluting the water supply of Boston by emptying sewage into it at Framingham, Woburn and other places.

A Murder in a New York Hotel.

NEW YORK, April 24.—About 10.45 o'clock last night a man and woman entered the East River Hotel at Catharine slip and Water street. The man's entry in the registry book reads "Knickel and wife." The man was a stranger, while the woman was a dissolute character who frequented the neighborhood. They were assigned to a room on the top floor. This morning a servant endeavored to awaken the couple, but did not succeed. The door of the room was forced and on the bed was found the dead body of the woman, disemboweled. The man had disappeared.

PERSONAL.

That old soldier or soldier's heir who has been thinking of putting in a pension claim; call or write us tomorrow. Consultation free. No pension, no fee. No. 26 Westminster street, Providence. Milo B. Stevens & Co., Attorneys, main office, Washington, D. C.

Antique Furniture.

New importation of

Dutch Silver:

Coffee Spoons, Oyster Forks,
Bon Bon Boxes,
Liquor Glasses and Bottles (silver mounted)
Trays, Cream Pitchers, Baskets, etc.

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TEA TABLES.

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Leather Goods!

The largest and best assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's

Pocketbooks, Purses,

WALLETS, CARD and BILL BOOKS,

Manicure and Toilet Cases, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Satchels, Traveling Bags, Trunks and everything to be found in a first-class establishment.

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,

Nos. 250 & 258 THAMES STREET.

POWELL'S

COMPOUND SYRUP HYPOPHOSPHITES,

An excellent spring tonic.

Frank L. Powell, Chemist,

Cor. Thames and Pelham Sts.

MORNING NEWS.

NEWFOUNDLANDERS

GIVEN A HEARING AT THE BAR OF THE HOUSE AT LONDON.

LONDON, April 24.—The expectation of so rare and important an event as the representatives of a colony being heard at the bar of the house attracted an unusually large number of spectators to the house of lords yesterday. The seats in the side galleries were filled with peeresses, and the galleries assigned to members of the house of commons were largely occupied. There was a full attendance of peers, and the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert Victor sat together on a cross bench.

Lord Dunraven moved that the Newfoundland delegates be heard at the bar of the house. Lord Knutsford, secretary of state for the colonial department, assented to the motion, and the speaker of the house of lords, Lord Halsbury, gave orders that the delegates be admitted.

The five Newfoundland delegates, headed by the premier of Newfoundland, Sir William Whiteway, thereupon made their appearance. Sir William Whiteway, delivered his statement in a clear, well pitched voice, every syllable being distinctly audible. He was listened to throughout with keen attention. The statement opened with a review of the history of the legislation in which Newfoundland is concerned since the treaty of Utrecht, in 1713, when France ceded St. Kitts, Hudson Bay, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland to England. Sir William Whiteway then proceeded to give the details of the objections of the Newfoundlanders to Lord Knutsford's coercive bill, introduced in the house of lords by the colonial secretary, and concluded with the following proposals, which, he said, ought, in the opinion of the delegates, and in the opinion of the people of Newfoundland, to be accepted by the imperial government as a solution of the difficulties now existing:

That the Newfoundland legislature pass immediately an act authorizing the execution for this year of the modus vivendi, and of the award of the arbitration commission, together with all treaties and declarations under instructions from the queen in council.

That further progress of the Knutsford bill be deferred until the passage of the above act, and that the present arbitration agreement shall not be allowed to operate beyond the lobster question without obtaining the prior consent of the colony of Newfoundland, in which case the colony shall be represented on the commission.

That the colony of Newfoundland desires that the agreement be for unconditional arbitration on all points that either party may raise under the treaties.

If this can be arranged between Great Britain and France, Newfoundland will ask to be represented upon the arbitration commission, and will pass an act to enforce the execution of the awards of the commission. Sir William Whiteway added that the Newfoundland delegates regret that up to the present moment these proposals have not only not been accepted, but that no hope has been held out that they ever will be accepted. Their adoption, he said, would immediately cause the excitement at present existing in Newfoundland to subside, and would induce peace under conditions which would make coercion by warships extremely difficult.

The Newfoundland premier added that if the Knutsford bill became a law, it will have been forced upon a resentful people, but if the proposals of the Newfoundland delegates were adopted, every good object of the bill would be easily and pleasantly attained. The enactment of the bill would leave a rankling wound in the hearts of colonists, and would establish a precedent which would ever give a feeling of insecurity to every self-governing colony. "In offering on behalf of the colonial legislature," continued the premier of Newfoundland, "to enact laws providing for the honorable fulfilment of obligations of an exceedingly odious kind, we are animated by a spirit of patriotism and devotion to the empire. Persistence in the passage of the bill, therefore, will be a poor return for that faith in parliament which animated the Newfoundland legislature in sending us to the bar of the house of lords."

Lord Knutsford, at the conclusion of the Newfoundland premier's remarks, in moving to adjourn the second reading of his Newfoundland coercive bill until Monday, referred in terms of warm praise to the very able speech made by Sir William Whiteway. Should the delegates be unsuccessful in their appeal to the house of lords, they intend to apply for a hearing before the house of commons.

FROM THE ETERNAL CITY.

Official Statement Regarding the Catastrophe at Rome.

ROME, April 24.—Signor Nicotera, minister of the interior, stated in the chamber of deputies yesterday afternoon that forty-eight persons were injured at the scene of the explosion, and that about 200 persons in this city were slightly hurt. The minister of war said that there was 265 tons of powder in the magazine, but that none of the new explosive, balestite, was stored there. It is surmised that the explosion resulted from slow combustion of the powder. King Humbert received an ovation on visiting the hospital where the injured were being cared for.

Embargo on Pork Removed.

BERLIN, April 24.—The Berliner Nachrichten says the removal of the prohibitory restrictions on American pork has been arranged for as soon as the United States government issues regulations for the carrying out of the meat inspection law. The paper adds that the report that only live swine will be admitted into Germany is inaccurate.

Fishermen in Open Revolt.

PARIS, April 24.—A telegram to The Temps from Miquelon says: Forty Newfoundland vessels, which run the blockade, have arrived at St. Pierre, with herrings. The fishermen at Fortune Bay are in armed revolt and determined to resist to the bitter end. Thirty four armed schooners have left St. Pierre for the banks.

AN ARTIST DEAD.

John Carlin, a Deaf Mute Poet and Philosopher Dies in New York.

NEW YORK, April 24.—John Carlin died yesterday, aged 78 years. He had been in ill-health for the past six months, but on Saturday last was seized with pneumonia. Mr. Carlin was born a deaf mute in Philadelphia in 1813. From a child he showed a taste for art. He was one of the first pupils at the Philadelphia Institution for Deaf Mutes, whose advantages by the time he was 13 years old, he had exhausted. His studious and artistic tastes, however, were always incentives to self-improvement, and practically he was self-educated. At 25 years of age he went to Paris, and there studied for three years with Delaroche. When he returned to this country Mr. Carlin settled in this city as a miniature painter. As a master of this calling he was most widely known by speaking people. His clients were chiefly among the old Knickerbocker families of this city and prominent people throughout the state.

At Washington in the days preceding the war he was on familiar terms with most of the distinguished men of the day. He counted among his friends William H. Seward, Thurlow Weed, Horace Greely, Hamilton Fish, and other men of equal prominence. Outside of his profession Mr. Carlin was known also as the deaf-mute poet. In an an article in Harper's Magazine, March, 1884, he relates his poetical experience, illustrating some remarks by Edgar A. Poe on the subject.

As a child he was very fond of reading Shakspere and Milton, and in his own way constantly attempting to write poetry. As he grew older he realized that something was wanting. On submitting his efforts to literary men he learned that the difficulty arose from his ignorance of rhythm and sound. This difficulty he set himself to overcome. How well he did so is shown in a poem printed in the article entitled "The Deaf Mute's Lament," and beginning:

I move a silent exile on the earth.

Mr. Carlin's interest in deaf mutes was wide and untiring. He contended against restricting their education to their supposed limited faculties. He was especially earnest in their cultivation of the sciences. For these reasons he was widely known and loved by deaf mutes both in this country and Europe. His own house, where he had lived for forty years, was a center of interest for others afflicted like himself.

Mr. Carlin married early in years a deaf mute and had five children, none of whom, it is interesting to know, is a deaf mute.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

For a Public Library Building, Boston May Borrow $1,000,000—General Legislation.

BOSTON, April 24.—The committee on cities reported a bill to enable the city of Boston to borrow $1,000,000 outside the debt limit for completing the new public library building. The loan is not to pay over 4 per cent.

The committee on cities reported a bill to amend the law relating to pensioning Boston firemen. Instead of retirement being permissive by an affirmative vote of all the members of the fire commission, it is mandatory by a majority vote. When the city physician certifies that a member is permanently incapacitated, such member must be put on the pension roll. Those who have served fifteen years or more are to have half their salary as pension, or more, if the board determines.

The committee reported leave to withdraw on the petition of the mayor of Boston for an amendment of the act relating to Mt. Hope cemetery. They reported inexpedient to amend the Boston charter relating to the election of aldermen and councilmen. They reported inexpedient to provide for aldermen at large in Boston; no legislation necessary on borrowing on Boston mayor's recommendation; leave to withdraw on William Power Wilson's petition that Boston may attach conditions to the location of the West End's elevated tracks.

The house bill to prevent the sale of liquor except to guests resorting to the licensed premises for food or lodging, coming up on ordering to a third reading, Donovan of Suffolk withdrew his substitute and offered a new one which is essentially the so-called Donovan bill repeating the public bar clause with the addition of the Turner amendment, which forbids the use of tables in saloons where there is a bar. Mr. Champlin of Suffolk raised several points of order. Postponed to Tuesday.

The finance committee reported a bill appropriating $77,012.66 for the state house loan sinking fund of 1901.

The house adopted the order of Mr. Bennett of Everett directing the insurance commissioner to report immediately a summary of the financial operations in 1890 of the endowment societies.

Mr. Howard of Newton opposed the adverse report of the finance committee on the bill for the examination of school teachers by state authority. It was a bill from the education committee, and it would prevent the favoritism in the employment of teachers which sometimes occurs now. Mr. Chance of Boston, observing that the bill was not in print, and the members had not read it, moved its postponement to Tuesday. This motion was carried.

Petitions for an underground railway in Boston and remonstrances against the bill as to returns by foreign corporations were received in the house.

On the resolve for a constitutional amendment to require the consent of the majority of the voters of a city or town to a division and incorporation of a new town, Mr. McFetbries of Springfield, moved to amend so that two-thirds of the people in the territory in question might appeal to the legislature. A discussion ensued.

ACCEPTS THE PRESIDENCY.

Mr. J. S. Clarkson to Be First Officer In National Republican League.

CINCINNATI, O., April 24.—Hon. John M. Thurston, ex-president of the National Republican league, received the following telegram from President Clarkson:

BOSTON, April 24.

I am in receipt of your message, and I accept the presidency of the league, and will immediately take up its work. I ask the executive committee, or such members of it, as may conveniently attend, to meet at headquarters in New York Wednesday noon next. We shall then begin the preliminary labors, with the intention of accomplishing by the beginning of the long winter months some form of active Republican national organization in every neighborhood of the United States.

Your convention has put the Republican party in motion toward victory for itself and the republic in 1892.

I thank my comrades of the league for the trust they have reposed in me, and shall try, in common with them, to do what I can in the work now before us all. J. S. CLARKSON.

Killed by Lightning.

NORWICH, Conn., April 24.—Simon Purvis, a carpenter, who came to this city from New Brunswick two years ago, was instantly killed by lightning at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was 24 years old,

THE BALL PLAYERS.

BOSTON WINS ANOTHER VICTORY FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Had it not rained during the game to-day, the New Yorks might have won. Keefe was in excellent trim until the ball became wet. After that he was batted hard. Welch relieved him in the sixth inning. Nichols pitched with telling effect.

BOSTON	AB	R	BH	TB	SH	PO	A	E
Long, ss	5	2	2	2	0	3	3	0
Stovey, rf	5	1	2	2	1	2	1	0
Tucker, 1b	5	1	2	5	1	8	1	0
Sullivan, lf	4	2	1	1	0	1	0	1
Quinn, 2b	4	1	3	3	0	0	3	1
Brodie, cf	2	1	0	0	1	2	0	0
Nash, 3b	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Ganzell, c	4	1	1	1	0	5	1	0
Nichols, p	4	1	1	1	0	0	2	0
Totals	37	11	13	16	4	21	11	1

NEW YORK	AB	R	BH	TB	SH	PO	A	E
Whistler, rf	4	2	1	1	0	3	0	0
Tiernan, cf	3	1	2	4	0	2	0	0
Glasscock, ss	4	1	2	2	1	1	2	0
O'Rourke, lf	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Connor, 1b	2	1	0	0	0	7	0	0
Richardson, 2b	3	0	1	1	1	0	3	1
Denny, 3b	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Buckley, c	3	0	0	0	0	8	0	0
Keefe, p	1	1	0	0	0	0	3	0
Welch, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	28	0	7	9	3	21	8	3

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Boston	0	0	0	1	7	1	2	—11
New York	0	1	0	0	2	0	3	— 6

Earned runs—Boston 4. Two-base hits—Tiernan, Nash. Home run—Tucker. Stolen bases—Boston 2, New York 2. Base on balls—Boston 3, New York 4. Base on errors—Boston 3, New York 1. Struck out—Boston 7, New York 4. Double plays—Keefe, Glasscock and Connor. Umpire—Lynch.

Philadelphia 3; Brooklyn, 1.

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.—In the first inning Ward had the thumb of his right hand knocked out and had to retire. Both Thornton and Lovett pitched great ball. Attendance 3423. Philadelphia won, 3 to 1.

Philadelphia	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Earned run—Brooklyn 1. Base hits—Philadelphia 6, Brooklyn 7. Errors—Philadelphia 5, Brooklyn 2. Batteries—Kinslow and Lovett, Brown and Thornton.

Chicago, 9; Pittsburg, 2.

PITTSBURG, April 23.—Chicago won the second game of the series from Pittsburg, Chicago batting Staley hard, while Pittsburg could do nothing with Hutchinson. Attendance 2000.

Chicago	0	4	1	1	0	0	1	2	—9	
Pittsburg	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Earned runs—Chicago 4. Base hits—Chicago 11, Pittsburg 6. Errors—Chicago 2, Pittsburg 4. Batteries—Hutchinson and Kittredge; Fields and Staley.

Cleveland, 6; Cincinnati, 3.

CINCINNATI, April 23.—The home club was again defeated by Cleveland. Attendance 2457.

Cleveland	0	0	1	0	3	0	2	0	0	—6
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—3

Earned runs—Cleveland 1, Cincinnati 2. Base hits—Cleveland 7, Cincinnati 6. Errors—Cleveland 1, Cincinnati 2. Batteries—Viau and Doyle, Duryea and Harrington.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Boston—Baltimore, 12; Boston, 6.
At Louisville—Louisville, 11; Cincinnati, 1.
At Columbus—St. Louis, 6; Columbus, 5.
At Washington—Washington, 9; Athletics, 9.

LAST AND MOST ENJOYABLE.

Massachusetts Veterans and Infantry are Royally Entertained.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Worcester Light infantry and the veterans of the Sixth Massachusetts regiment, under escort of the Washington Light Infantry corps, made a pilgrimage to Mount Vernon and the tomb of Washington yesterday. Last night one of the most enjoyable and the last of the many courtesies and entertainments extended to the veterans of the Sixth was a supper given them at the Owen house by the "Archons," an organization composed of twelve past commanders of the Department of the Potomac, Grand Army. About fifty covers were laid.

After an elaborate menu had been discussed, cigars were lighted, and the old story of the memorable march of the Sixth was told. While the veterans were being hospitably entertained by the Grand Army veterans, the younger members of the Worcester visitors were well taken care of by the Washington Light infantry corps. The visitors left for home this morning.

Death of Philip L. Moen.

WORCESTER, April 24.—Philip L. Moen, president of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing company, died at his home in this city late yesterday afternoon. He suffered a stroke of apoplexy several days ago and never rallied. He was born in Wilna, N. Y., Nov. 13, 1824, and has been connected with the wire works in this city forty-five years. He leaves a widow and three children. He was widely known for his practical benevolence, which took the form of gifts to various charitable and educational institutions. He was always a Republican and a Protectionist. He was one of the Blaine electors in 1884.

CONCERNING IMMIGRATION.

Letter Received at Treasury Department on the Matter.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The treasury department has received a letter dated April 21, from G. G. Benedict, collector of customs at Burlington, Vt., relating to the coming into the United States of immigrants from European countries via the Dominion of Canada. The collector says that so far as he can learn no such immigrants have as yet arrived in his district, but that there is reason to apprehend that evasions of the immigration law may be attempted later in the season when navigation opens on the St. Lawrence river.

The collector encloses a report from Immigrant Inspector Henry, which says there had arrived at the Canadian Pacific railway station at Montreal during the ten days prior to April 17, thirty-three carloads of European immigrants, who came by steamer to Halifax. Of these, in the opinion of the customs inspector stationed at that point, about one-third were destined for western points in the United States and the remainder for points in British Columbia. The collector thinks that if it were practicable to station an inspector at Montreal, he could make himself useful in preventing violations of the law.

As usual, the collector says, at this season of the year, large numbers of French-Canadians are arriving at the several railroad stations in his district en route for points in Massachusetts and New Hampshire. Many of these probably come with a more or less definite understanding as to whom they are to work for, but it is practically impossible to prove anything like an existing contract either, expressed or implied. For the past month these laborers have probably averaged 500 per day.

The report of F. A. Woodbridge, the immigrant inspector at Newport, Vt., dated April 16, says that for the past month the alien immigration passing through Newport has averaged 400 persons per day, although the inspector says he is not prepared to state that any large portion of it comes from European countries, the majority of the people in his judgment coming from the eastern provinces of Canada, notably in the vicinity of Quebec. He continues: "We are receiving at this port three train loads of these French-Canadians each day, who are en route to the various manufacturing towns in New England, and a large number of them are, in my opinion, under an implied contract to labor.

A portion of these immigrants return to Canada in the fall only to again re-enter the United States the spring following, and are employed generally by the same firms each year. They belong to the poorer classes of French-Canadians, and undoubtedly a large number of them would be excluded from this country under a rigid examination."

HAS SHE GONE WEST?

A Newton Girl Disappears—Some Suspicions.

NEWTON, Mass., April 24.—Maria Southcomb, aged 18 years, employed at the worsted mills in Newton, has been missing for the past two weeks. She left the mill at dinner time Wednesday, April 8, and since then nothing has been heard of her. She was attired in her working clothes, and it is supposed, had very little money. She has relatives in Newton, and a cousin of the missing girl says that Mary sighed for one who would love and cherish her, and that she advertised for a husband in a matrimonial paper. She received several letters, one of which, her cousin says she answered, inclosing her photograph. She was very plain, rather stout, light complexioned, and about five feet in height.

It has been ascertained that the girl received a letter containing a matrimonial offer, the writer offering to send her money to pay her expenses to his home in the west. She is, perhaps, now a bride in a western home; but here aunt feels certain that she is not, for she says Mary would have surely worn her best clothes if she contemplated a matrimonial journey.

THE BUDGET IN THE COMMONS

Mr. Goschen's Statement as to Great Britain's Surplus.

LONDON, April 24.—The budget was submitted to the house of commons yesterday afternoon by Hon. George J. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer.

Mr. Goschen said that there was an excess of £1,760,000 over the surplus which he suggested in 1890. He added, however, that there was no certainty that a progressive increase would be maintained, as the needs of Ireland had increased the expenditure by £200,000.

Mr. Goschen stated that not less than £900,000 of the surplus rose from the internal revenue duty on alcholic spirits. The net reduction of the national debt during the year was £30,000,000 during the time the present administration has been in office.

Alluding to the increase in the duties on alcohol, Mr. Goschen repudiated the idea that the government was pledged to carry out the scheme of the purchase of public house licenses. For the coming year, Mr. Goschen estimated that the revenue would amount to £90,480,000, and the expenditures to £88,440,000. The expenditures had been augmented by the Irish relief works, the census and dockyard building.

Considering the increased cost of armaments, and the heavy burden on the home taxpayer, he held that a call ought to be made upon the colonies for further contributions to the fund for imperial defence. He proposed to apply most of the year's surplus to free education, thus redeeming the pledges of the government. Mr. Goschen declined to make an absolute pledge that the school fees would be abolished in Ireland, but said that a portion of the money would certainly be assigned to Ireland.

Council of Royal Arcanum.

PROVIDENCE, April 24.—Grand council of Rhode Island Royal Arcanum held its first yearly regular session in this city yesterday. Grand Regent Albert L. Anthony made a lengthy report. The grand secretary's report showed a large gain the past year. The treasurer reported receipts $1100.33; expenditures, $779. Among the visitors from other states were Deputy Supreme Regent Henry Goodwin of Boston, Supreme Secretary W. O. Robson and A. F. Howell, editor of The Royal Arcanum Guide and Register.

A Historical Spade.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The spade to be used by the department commander of the Grand Army in the ceremonies of breaking ground for the Grant monument on Monday will be a superb specimen of American handiwork, bearing an inscription containing the chief events of Gen Grant's life. It has been made by the Gorham Manufacturing company, and is given by them to the Grant Monument association.

THE WEATHER INDICATIONS.

ALMANAC FOR FRIDAY, APRIL 24.

SUN RISES..... 4 50 | MOON RISES... 7 00 PM
SUN SETS..... 6 38 | HIGH WATER... 11 30 AM
LENGTH OF DAY.. 13 46 | FULL SEA..... 11 30 PM

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Forecast for New Hampshire, Maine, Vermont and Massachusetts: Showers; winds shifting to westerly; cooler, except southern Maine, slightly warmer.

For Rhode Island and Connecticut: Showers; winds shifting to westerly; stationary temperature.

Cautionary signals are displayed from Atlantic City to Eastport.

Rudini Now Somewhat Changed.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Secretary Blaine found good news from Rome awaiting him when he returned yesterday, in the form of dispatches from Minister Porter, representing Rudini as quite changed in temper and purpose, and as only seeking now to get out of the predicament he has gotten himself into. The sacrifice of Fava is indicated as his next move.

A Murderer Dead.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., April 24.—Henry Borcherson, who murdered Peter Siebel, his brother-in-law, near the state line, yesterday, is dead.

DELICIOUS MINCE PIES
EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.
NONE SUCH
CONDENSED
Mince Meat

HIGHEST AWARD
received at all Pure Food Expositions for Superior Quality, Cleanliness, and convenience to housekeepers.
Each Package contains material for two large pies.
Grocers often substitute cheap imitations, to make a better profit. Refuse such articles, and insist on having NONE SUCH brand—the best.
MERRELL & SOULE, SYRACUSE, N.Y.

PHOTOGRAPHERS
MY GRECIAN PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT
In full figure artistically enshrouded in white drapery is my latest introduction in photography, thereby producing the most beautiful relief obtainable. All lovers of graceful posing are invited to inspect this gem of photography.
Holloway
The Leading Photographer.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.
The New Kodak and Improved Waterbury Detective Cameras and other Outfits. Plates, Films, Mounts, Sensitive Papers, Toning Powders, Chemicals, etc., Developing, Printing, Burnishing and Mounting Photographs. Lantern Slides made to order.
GEO. H. CHASE,
ROOM 4, OVER 201 THAMES STREET.

Child & Co.,
Practical Photographers,
242 Thames Street, Corner Mill.
Cabinet Photographs
$8.00 PER DOZEN.

DRUGGISTS.
Compound Extract
—OF—
Sarsaparilla
(Dr. David King's Formula)
Cures Scrofula, Rheumatism, Boils, Pimples, Catarrh, Constipation, General Debility, Biliousness and all diseases arising from impurity of the blood.
NORTH END PHARMACY.

ESTABLISHED 1760.
HAZARD, HAZARD & CO.,
Successors to Caswell, Hazard & Co.,
Chemists and Druggists.
Instrument Makers.
No. 6 Cologne, Elixir Calisaya Ferrophos, Cod Liver Oil, etc.
5th AVE. HOTEL,
39th ST. AND 5th AVE., NEW YORK,
212 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT, R. I.

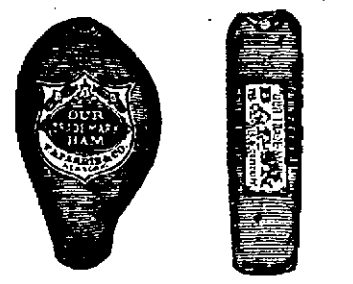
DOWNING'S
Compound Extract
—OF—
Sarsaparilla,
For all impurities of the blood. A large bottle for 75c., at
DOWNING BROS.',
Nos. 42 & 44 BROADWAY.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
OLD NO. 146, NEW NO. 224 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Residence, Cotton's Court.

ARE the STANDARD PAINTS for STRUCTURAL PURPOSES, and are composed of pure linseed oil and the highest grade of pigments. They are prepared ready for use, in newest shades and standard colors, and, on account of their purity and great covering properties, they are the MOST DURABLE and ECONOMICAL Paints ever produced. One gallon will cover from 250 to 275 square feet, two coats.
Samples and Descriptive Price List free by mail.
H. W. Johns Manufacturing Company,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF
H. W. Johns' Asbestos Roofing, Fire-Proof Paints, Building Felt, Steam Pipe and Boiler Coverings, Asbestos Steam Packings, Vulcabeston Metallic Rings, Washers, etc.
87 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.
For Sale by
ALBERT HAMMETT, Newport, R. I.
RAY S. LITTLEFIELD, Block Island.

PROVISIONS.
FOR 35 CENTS
You can buy a very pretty Japanese
Earthern Teapot
Filled with Japan or
OOLONG TEA
—AT—
PHIL. STEVENS'S,
18 & 50 THAMES STREET.

"OUR TRADE MARK"
Hams AND Boneless Bacon



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F. A. FERRIS & COMPANY

COGGESHALL BROS.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Beef, Veal, Mutton and Lamb.
CURERS OF THE
Celebrated Diamond C Pork Products.
Cor. Washington Sq. and Thames St.

Fresh Artichokes,
CAULIFLOWERS, CUCUMBERS,
RADISHES, MINT,
String Beans, Chickory, Egg Plants, Tomatoes, Brussell Sprouts, Chives, Okra, New Potatoes and Fresh Mushrooms to be had at the
SEASIDE MARKET.
RHODE ISLAND
Spring Lamb
and NEW PEAS
—AT—
SHERMAN & ROONEY'S.

REAL ESTATE.
For Sale.
A Lot of Land in the Central Part of the City
—FOR—
Eight Hundred Dollars,
To close an estate.
A. PRESCOTT BAKER.

Now is the Time!
To Secure at One-third Cost a Very Desirable Residence in Newport.
It has a fine water view, boating and fishing near by. Large stable, bowling alley, and is very desirable both as a summer and a winter residence, and should be seen to be appreciated. A large amount of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. For price and particulars apply to
Daniel Watson,
No. 235 THAMES STREET.

For Sale.
CRANSTON AVENUE.
Most Desirable Cottage, with 10,000 sq. ft. of Land.
Above cottage has all modern improvements. Sewer connection.
DeBLOIS, HUNTER & ELDRIDGE,
152 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

FOR SALE.
A DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE AND BLACKSMITH SHOP
With three forges, all in perfect repair; a valuable estate, 5,000 square feet of land. Sold on account of the ill health of the owner.
APPLY TO
GEO. V. WILBUR.

STORE
In News Building.
TO LET—South store in the Daily News Building. Steam heat. Rent $400 a year.

Singer Machines
In all the latest style cabinet work, at
$3.00 per month.
GEO. A. PRITCHARD, Agent, 1 BROADWAY.

Moon's Phases for April, 1891.

	D.	H. M.	
Last Quarter	2	1 30	A. M.
New Moon	8	3 57	P. M.
First Quarter	15	8 40	P. M.
Full Moon	24	0 05	A. M.

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

TOMORROW (SATURDAY) APRIL 25, 1891.

Sun rises	4 h. 78 m.
Sun sets	6 h. 37 m.
Moon rises P. M.	8 h. 21 m.
Length of day	13 h. 49 m.
Day's increase	4 h. 45 m.
High water, 7 h. 30 m. A. M.; 7 h. 49 m. P. M.	
Height of tide, 2 ft. 9 in. A. M.; 3 ft. 0 in. P. M.	

NEWPORT POSTOFFICE.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 8 to 9 A. M.

Money Order and Registry departments 8 A.M. to 7 P. M., Sundays excepted.

Lobby open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays 7 A. M. to 1 P. M.

Opening and closing of mails.

	Close. A.M.	Close. P.M.	Open. A.M.	Open. P.M.
New York & Southern	7 10	4 00	10 00	1 30
	10 00	4 45		7 30
Boston, Eastern & Western	7 10	2 30	10 00	1 30
	10 00	4 45	11 30	6 30
	7 10	2 30		1 30
Providence, R. I.	10 00	4 45	10 00	2 30
				5 30
				7 30
Fall River, Mass.	7 10	2 30	10 00	
		4 45	11 30	6 30
New Bedford, Mass.	7 10	4 45	11 30	5 30
Jamestown, R. I.	11 30			2 00
Block Island, R. I., Tues., Thurs. and Sat.	11 45		11 30	
Mon., Wed. and Fri.				
Bristol Ferry	7 10	4 45	11 30	6 30
Tiverton & Portsmouth	7 30	4 45	11 30	7 00
Wickford	7 10			1 30
South Portsmouth	7 30			7 00

The Sunday mail for New York, Boston and Providence, closes at 5.30 P. M.

COLLECTIONS FROM STREET LETTER BOXES.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Middletown Line,	4.30	1.30	
Broadway and Whitehall,	4.32	1.32	
Broadway and Howard,	4.35	1.35	3.40
Warner and Gould,	4.38	1.38	3.52
Broadway and Caleb Earl,	4.41	1.41	3.55
Rhode Island avenue,	5.03	1.35	3.40
Kay and Ayrault,	5.05	1.33	3.44
Catherine and Gibbs avenue,	5.12	1.38	3.37
Red Cross avenue,	5.20	1.45	3.30
Catherine and Greenough,	5.15	1.42	3.35
Cottage street,	5.17	1.50	3.31
Newport Reading Room,	5.25	1.52	4.15
Kay and Brinley,	5.03	1.30	4.12
Spring and Touro,	5.00	1.52	4.09
Broadway and Bull,	4.42	1.42	3.56
Thames and Bridge,	4.55	1.45	4.03
Second and Willow,	4.52	1.49	4.01
Washington and Elm,	4.50	1.48	4.00
Washington square,	4.58	1.50	4.07
Thames, opp. Mary,	6.01	1.53	4.21
Thames, opp. Church,	6.05	1.56	4.23
Thames, opp. Pelham,	6.07	1.58	4.25
Mill and Spring,	6.03	1.54	4.20
Pelham and Corne,	6.00	1.55	4.17
Bellevue and Bath road,	5.30	1.38	3.25
Bellevue and Bellevue court,	5.31	1.42	3.23
Bellevue and Narragansett,	5.35	1.41	3.20
Thames and Wellington,	5.50		3.00
Spring and Dearborn,	5.55	1.48	3.03

On Sundays the only collection made will be in accordance with the last afternoon schedule.

The collection of letters from any box, before the schedule time, is absolutely prohibited.

Carriers' delivery at 7.00 and 9.45 A. M., and 2.30 P. M., Sundays excepted.

The efficiency of the postal service will be increased if all persons having reason for complaint will address the postmaster personally or in writing.

HENRY H. FAY, Postmaster.

STRANGERS' DIRECTORY.

Armory of Newport Artillery, Clarke street—Open daily to visitors.

U. S. Naval Training Station, Coasters Harbor Island—Open to visitors from 3 P. M. till sunset daily. Sunday services at 10.30 A. M.

Fort Adams—Guard mount and dress parade 9 A. M. except Saturdays and Sundays. Drill 10 to 11 A. M. daily except Saturdays and Sundays. Inspection Saturdays at 9 A. M.

Redwood Library, Bellevue avenue—Open to visitors daily, Sundays excepted, from 12 M. to 2 P. M. Open to subscribers from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

People's Library, 260 Thames street—Open from 10 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily (except on Sundays), and on Saturdays until 9 P. M.

Historical and Natural History Societies' Rooms, Touro street—Open daily, Sundays excepted, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Visitors are cordially invited.

Electric Street Cars on Spring street, Broadway, Levin street and Bath road; to Mile Corner and Morton Park, and Cliff avenue.

Places of Interest—FORTY STEPS, on Cliffs, foot of Narragansett avenue; SPOUTING ROCK, west end of Bailey's beach; PARADISE and HANGING ROCKS, north of Second beach; PURGATORY, west end of Second beach. MIANTONOMI HILL, end of Malbone road, off Broadway.

Cliff Walk—Extending from Easton's to Bailey's beaches past the residences of Mrs. Gammell, Robert and Ogden Goelet, L. L. Lorillard, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Fairman Rogers, the Astors, Dr. C. N. Bell and others. Open to the public.

Drives—Bellevue avenue, from Jewish Cemetery to Bailey's beach; Ocean avenue, "ten-mile drive," from Bailey's beach along the south shore, by Grave's Point, Bateman's, Castle Hill, Fort Adams, Brenton's Cove, along the crest of Halidon Hill with its superb views of the harbor, the islands and the bay; West road, from Broadway to Bristol Ferry, nine miles, by Lawton's Valley, the Coal Mines and Portsmouth Grove, with full view of the bay; East road, from Broadway to Stone Bridge, twelve miles; Paradise road, from Second beach, by Hanging Rocks to Indian avenue; Indian avenue, continuing north along East shore.

Notable Anniversaries.

April 24.

753 B. C.—Date assigned for the founding of Rome; it was taken August 24, 410, by the Goths under Alaric, and ravaged and taken in 455 by Genseric and the Vandals; in 476 the empire was finally destroyed.

1731—Daniel De Foe, author of "Robinson Crusoe," died; born 1661.

1743—Edmund Cartwright, inventor of the power loom, born; died 1823.

1775—News of the battles of Lexington and Concord reached New York city and excited an immediate uprising.

1862—Admiral Farragut ran by Forts Jackson and St. Philip and commanded New Orleans.

1864—Cavalry fight at Jacksonport, Ark.

1877—Parson Brownlow, ex-governor of Tennessee and war politician, died; born 1805.

1881—James T. Fields, Boston scholar, died, aged 63.

1890—Great cloudburst at Gainesville, Tex., covering large area several feet deep with water and sweeping away many houses.

There is more benefit in a good laugh than in all the hot water remedies, faith cures, cold water, electric and all new-fangled treatments in the world, and it does not cost anything. Laugh. If you know of nothing else to laugh at laugh at your neighbor. He is probably improving his health by laughing at you.—[Atchison Globe.

Bric-a-Brac.

A CONTRAST.

He loved her, having felt his love begin
With that first look, as lover oft avers.
He made pale flowers his pleading messengers,
Impressed sweet music, drew the springtime in
To serve his suit; but when he could not win,
Forgot her face and those gray eyes of hers;
And at her name his pulse no longer stirs,
And life goes on as tho' she had not been.

She never loved him; but she loved love so,
So reverenced love, that all her being shook
At his demand, who so entrance she denied.
Her thoughts of him such tender color took
As western skies that keep the afterglow.
The words he spoke were with her till she died.

—[Helen Gray Cone, in The Independent.

FANCIES.

"The sun is up," he gaily cried,
"I think it meet that I
Should get my spade and rake and haste
My garden luck to try."

And so he toiled until he saw
Where he was digging, squirm
A corpulently beautiful,
Enticing fishing worm.

"I will a-fishing go," said he,
And toward the stream he went,
But presently a toothsome duck
Its course near by him bent.

"My gun," he thought, "I should have brought;
"I'll go and get it straight,"
And so he homeward took his way,
Although the hour was late.

"The traveling I have done," he vowed,
"Has used me most severe;
I'll take the opportunity
To rest while I am here."

And so he laid him down and slept,
And ere his sleep was done
The lake beside the western hill
Gleamed with the setting sun.

Alas! to see so poor a day,
With good intent so rife!
Alas! how oft it may be found
The mirror of a life.

—[Washington Post.

Sometimes in law matters it is surprising to see how small a person is wrapped up in a great case.—[World.

Freshleigh, '94 (to Miss Autumn, who has just made a sarcastic remark)—"You are withering, Miss Autumn."

Miss Autumn—"Sir—r—r—r ? ! !"—[Harvard Lampoon.

Court—"Is there anything charged against this man?"

Prisoner—"That can't be, Judge. I haven't been able to get anything charged to me for fifteen years."—[Somerville Journal.

"Say, have you ever had your store broken into?"

"No. You see everything is so very cheap here that if a thief wants anything, he simply comes in and pays for it."—[Fliegende Blatter.

Miss O'Hallehan—"Shure, an' niver trust a perliceman. They're a desavin lot."

Mrs. O'Grogan—"They are that. Me man Moike was completely taken in by one last noight, an' hasn't got out yet."—[Harvard Lampoon.

Ethel—"What did you say to George when he proposed?"

Maud—"I asked for time to consider; it was so unexpected, you know."

Ethel—"It always is, after one has given up all hope."—[Munsey's Weekly.

Æsthetic but unmarried youth (dissertating on the beauties of feminine apparel)—"Now, what in your opinion is most striking concerning lovely woman's garb?"

Married but not æsthetic growler—"The price, young man."—[Kate Field's Washington.

Featherstone—"Is your sister in?"

Little Willie—"Yes; she's sewing a button on a coat and you may have a long time to wait."

Featherstone—"I don't see why. It shouldn't take long to sew a button on a coat."

Little Willie—"It does where there's a man in it."—[Clothier and Furnisher.

Charlie was complaining for two or three days.

"Mamma," he said, "I guess I've got that new—what do you call it?"

"Influenza?" suggested mamma. "Oh, no, dear. It is simply lassitude."

"Lassie-tude!" cried Charlie. "Why, a boy can't have that, can he? More likely I've got laddie-tude!"—[Kate Field's Washington.

PERSONALS.

....Secretary Blaine and family expect to go to Bar Harbor in June.

....Mrs. Grover Cleveland is a fearless rider, and spends much time on her favorite horse.

....Gustave Coquelin, brother of the French actor, will marry Marian Boyd, a wealthy woman of New York.

....Ex-Governor Evans of Colorado has presented $100,000 to the University of Denver for its further endowment.

....Elliot F. Shepard gave a dinner in New York last evening in honor of ex-Senator Blair, minister to China. Among others present were William M. Evarts, Senator Spooner of Wisconsin and Congressman Flower.

....Upon the arrival of Henry M. Stanley at Neath, near Swansea, in Wales, the mayor and corporation met him at the station with an address, and he was welcomed to the town amid scenes of public rejoicing. He will shortly receive the freedom of the city of Swansea.

....Professor Ferdinand Bocher, the head of the modern language department, Harvard College, has been obliged to give up his college duties for a time, owing to ill-health. He has been granted leave of absence, and will sail from New York for Holland a week from tomorrow.

....Miss Louise Imogen Guiney has accepted the invitation extended to be the poet on the occasion of the memorial exercises, June 4, in Tremont Temple, in honor of General Sherman, to be held by the city council of Boston. The orator is General Hawley of Hartford, Conn.

....At a sale of Washington relics in Philadelphia this week some of the prices realized were as follows:—Letter from Washington's mother, $550; a letter from George Washington, at the age of seventeen, to his brother Laurence Washington, $350; Washington's account book, from March 4, 1793, to March 25, 1804, $775; Washington's memorandum cash account September 10, 1747, to October 14, 1749, and January 1 to March 8, 1760, $175; Washington's manuscript Prayer Book, "Daily Sacrifice," $1,250; a portrait of Louis XVI of France, presented to Washington, $1,800.

....The movement to raise a fund to provide for General Banks and his family, now that old age has found him in reduced circumstances, is approved by all the Massachusetts Republican members of Congress, including Senators Hoar and Dawes, and O'Neil and Andrew of the Democrats, Henry L. Pierce, Royal E. Robbins and Abbott Lawrence have consented to act as trustees. It is proposed to collect as large a fund as possible and to invest it in interest-paying securities. The income of this fund will be paid to General and Mrs. Banks and to the survivors of them; and at the death of such survivors the then existing principal will be returned to the donors. Every donor will receive a certificate in evidence of the amount advanced.

The city papers are all right if you want them, but it is the local paper that advertises your business, your schools, your churches, your numerous societies, sympathizes with you in your affliction and rejoices in your prosperity. In short, it is your local paper that mentions the thousand and one items in which you are interested during the year, and which you do not find in the city papers.

"Twenty-seven years' experience qualifies me to speak of a difficulty many men encounter every year about this time," remarked an old resident Monday, when speaking of house-cleaning troubles. "I refer to the job of getting a carpet from beneath the kitchen stove. Until two years ago I suffered, not in silence, I must confess. Then it occurred to me that a piece of oil cloth was enough to put under the stove. I cut the carpet so as to come even with the legs of the stove, and I've done no lifting since. If you describe my way of avoiding a back-breaking job, perhaps some readers of the Herald will adopt it."—[Fall River Herald.

A SILK DRESS

Contains material requiring about two pounds of raw silk, the production of 7,000 or 8,000 silk-worms, allowing for death and disease and other casualties; hence its expensiveness. But the G. O. Taylor Old Bourbon and G. O. Taylor Pure Rye Whiskeys are as "fine as silk," and yet inexpensive. A little goes a good ways. They stand at the head of the list, and are unexcelled in quality by any whiskeys in the world. Druggists and Grocers sell them. Our firm name is on the label and over the cork. CHESTER H. GRAVES & SON, Sole Proprietors, Boston.

The Birds of Spring,

If they could be weary of their songs, would find, in our great stock, an almost infinite variety of NEW melodies. 40,000 kinds of our old music are still called for, and the new are more numerous than the old.

Cantatas—THE JOLLY FARMERS, Sargent. [40c., $3.60 doz.] New, bright, easy, and all jolly farmers and their friends will like it. **HEROES OF '70** [$1, or $9 doz.] Trowbridge, for 4th of July; and **NEW FLOWER QUEEN** [60c., $5.40 doz.], Root, for flower time.

Sunday Schools like **PRAISE IN SONG** [40c., or $3.60 doz.], Emerson; **SONG WORSHIP** [35c., or $3.60 doz.], Emerson and Sherwin; **NEW SPIRITUAL SONGS** [35c., $3.60 doz.], Tenny & Hoffman.

Choirs constantly send for our Octavo Music—9,000 numbers of Anthems, Sacred Selections, etc., 5 to 8c. each. Send for Lists.

Organists furnished with Voluntary and other music, and players on Violins, Guitars, Mandolins, Banjos and all other instruments, supplied with appropriate music. Send for lists and information.

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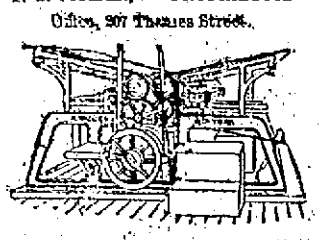

The first edition of the Daily News is printed in season for the early afternoon train and is for sale at the counter and on the streets.

The second edition contains the latest telegraphic and local news, and is delivered by office carriers upon streets within the limits of Bliss road on the north, Channing avenue on the east and Narragansett avenue on the south at $6 a year or 50 cents a month. This edition is also on sale at the railroad stations and steamboat landings.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent to any address in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance.

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Ordinary Advertisements, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

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PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1891.

TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office, - - - 6617-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, - - 6617-3

WORTH THINKING ABOUT.

Those newspapers that are so jubilant over the favorable influences of the McKinley tariff on the tin plate industry need to be reminded of the fact that the provision of the law relating to that item has not yet gone into effect.

And now that the matter is before the people so thoroughly, it may be well to call attention to a feature of the law which may be put down as one of the curiosities, not to say monstrosities, of modern legislation.

For certain plausible reasons a provision was inserted in the bill to the effect that ninety-nine per cent. of the tariff tax on tin plate shall be refunded to importers, providing the articles manufactured from it shall afterwards be sold and sent out of the country. This, of course, gives tin to that class of purchasers practically free of duty. In other words it opens the way for articles made from imported tin plate to be sold to foreigners at a much lower price than to citizens of our own country. This point is so plain that it needs no argument or statement in other words.

Some men have insisted that it is not possible in human nature to obey the Divine command to love our neighbors as ourselves, but the objectors should doubt no more. Here is a case where a whole people, as represented in Congress, love their neighbors better than themselves, and have legislated so as to carry the strange benevolence into effect.

Illustrations are always in order, and here is a case in point. The Standard Oil Company is understood to be the largest consumer of tin plate of any corporation or person in the United States. The object of the tariff on such plate is to so increase the price as to prevent foreign competition and give our rising manufacturers in that field control of the business. Neither the Standard Oil Company nor any other can afford to purchase foreign tin, say the protectionists, and pay the tax when they can get the homemade article without a tax on it. In the main this is true, while it is equally true that but for the duty manufacturers could buy this, to them, raw material more cheaply abroad.

The Standard Oil Company manufactures tin cans, fills them with oil and sends them to all parts of the world. It can, therefore, buy foreign tin, pay the duty, send the cans enclosing their goods away, and get back ninety-nine per cent. of that duty and thus luxuriate in the blessings of free trade, while the smaller firms which depend on the home market have to pay the duty if they use foreign tin, or pay the advanced price on the native product, which has been brought about to keep out foreign competition.

Still further. The Standard Oil Company has two classes of customers, one residing in this country and one residing abroad. The American dealer who buys has to pay the extra cost of the tin cans, in justice, because the manufacturers of them have done so before him. The English purchaser does not have to pay it, because the Standard Oil Company makes a draft on the United States Treasury for the difference, and so the greatest monopoly on earth has two prices for its goods, the foreigners getting thus the advantage over our own people.

But it may be said the Standard Oil Company will not make such a reduction to foreigners which places our own people at so great a disadvantage. Well! suppose it does not, then we have the sublime spectacle of a great nation legislating in the special interest of this great corporation. It is claimed by those in a position to know, that the rebate will be not less than $1,500,000 a year, and the only question is whether the company will give this vast sum to its customers as the law contemplates or put it into their own overflowing treasury. It must do one or the other.

We have not need the Standard Oil Company in this case for any other reason than that it affords the most conspicuous illustration of what is involved in the boasted tin plate legislation of the last Congress. We have no fault to find with the company; it asked this legislation in its own interest and against that of the American people, and the prayer was answered. How do the people like it?

AN EXPLOSION IN ROME.

The shaking up given to the Italian capital by the gunpowder explosion was a serious affair, but fortunately none of the old historic buildings were seriously and permanently damaged. Had St. Peter's, the Coliseum, the Vatican or other well-known structures been disturbed, the loss would have been irreparable. In regard to at least one of these there appears to have been an old superstition, referred to by Byron when he wrote:—

While stands the Coliseum, Rome shall stand;
When falls the Coliseum, Rome shall fall;
And when Rome falls—the World.

Fortunately, the Coliseum stands, and the predictions of the Yale College professor that the end of all things is at hand gains no confirmation from what has occurred in the "Eternal City."

A parcel post treaty is in operation between the United States and Mexico, Jamaica, Barbadoes, the Bahamas, British Honduras, the Sandwich, Leeward and Danish West India islands, Columbia, Costa Rica and Salvador, by which unsealed packages not exceeding eleven pounds in weight and three feet, six inches in length may be sent in the mails for twelve cents a pound. Under this law a system of international commerce is developing rapidly, especially with Mexico. Over a thousand pounds of merchandise were transmitted by parcel post during the month of March, being four times the volume of such business for January. All the security extended by the government to the regular mails is given to the parcel post system, and packages are delivered where any of the governments have postoffices, either by rail, coach, horse or foot. This system is only about two years old, and is being constantly developed.

The troubles in the coke mining regions appear to be on the increase, and it is only by the presence of the military that the laws are maintained and peace preserved. The eviction of the strikers and their families is in some cases resisted, and several serious conflicts have already occurred. The strife is between the weak and helpless poor on the one hand and the strong and rich on the other, and whatever may be the merits of the case the men with the longest purses are sure to win.

The subscriptions to the Washington memorial arch fund lack only about $800 of the $100,000 point, and when that figure is reached, it is expected that the remaining $16,000 will be at once subscribed in large sums by the friends of the movement. The work of the structure is progressing steadily and the beauty of the completed arch is evident in what has already been accomplished.

The members of the Massachusetts house of representatives are not satisfied with the pay they get for their services to the state, and wish the salary increased from $750 to $1,000 a year. State and city representatives should be paid for the time and labor they give the government, but some of those who legislate would better be paid to stay at home than for the good they do the city or state.

Senator Chandler of New Hampshire says that personally he is an administration man and that he expects to give President Harrison a hearty support towards a renomination and re-election. He also thinks that ex-Governor Preston C. Cheney of New Hampshire will be a good man for Secretary of War, if Secretary Proctor is appointed to succeed Senator Edmunds.

The Lowell lawyers protest against the action of Judge Carpenter in ejecting "Mr. Butler" from the courtroom, as do many others of the profession throughout the country. Congressman Greenhalge says, "I consider Judge Carpenter's action, under the circumstances, the worst case of the assumption of authority by a court since the days of Jeffreys."

The new Secretary of the Treasury has to face a deficit instead of a large surplus, such as was left to the administration when Grover Cleveland retired from the Presidency. This is a rich country, and its annual income is enormous, but it cannot stand such wild and extravagant appropriations as were made by the last Congress.

It is reported that a Russian engineer has invented a stove that preserves all the heat generated by the consumption of coal. Ordinary stoves are said to lose from eighty to ninety per cent. of the value of fuel used. The Russian stove ought to be popular as well as economical.

The Wisconsin legislature having declared in favor of electing United States Senators by the people, it is quite probable that the question will enter into the future politics of the state. It is a question that will need careful consideration before the change is made.

It is a curious fact in politics that in every one of the thirteen original states which seceded from Great Britain and established a free government on this continent the Democrats led in the popular election last fall. Ten of these have now Democratic governors.

There were eight hundred and six persons killed on the railways of the United States during 1890, and 2,012 injured. And to this the Westerly Tribune adds, "Alcohol killed over 60,000."

A HINT FOR OFFICE MEN.

Some twelve years ago I made the discovery that too much office work was using me up. I took too much time to decide questions of judgment and worried too much over the decisions after they were made; found all my work hard work; lost my patience at trivial things; was annoyed at trifles; would not eat or sleep well, and was in a bad way generally. As I came of a long-lived family, I did not propose to give up without a struggle, even if the doctors did tell me I had nervous dyspepsia.

I had a fairly good history of my family for a couple of hundred years, and in looking it over made the discovery that close confinement in an office did not "run in the family." I now believe that in a new country like ours we have no type of office men answering to the types of miners, toy-makers, cobblers, and hundreds of others in the old countries.

At this time a friend suggested hunting, since living in a small village, although having my office in a city, I could readily find something to hunt. I had been fond of hunting in my youth, but had never done much of it, and none for years. My friend went home with me one afternoon, and I got out my old muzzle-loader and tried a few shots at chips thrown in the air. The result satisfied me that if birds were plentiful enough and got up close enough to me they would not all get away; and I deliberately took up hunting as a means of improving my health, and I have stuck to it ever since, and mean to stick to it so long as I can carry a gun.

The first fall I went to Iowa after chickens, and found I could do quite well at them. I made no profession of being a crack shot, and so was not annoyed in the least at misses. Never losing my temper I found a great advantage, and being a very industrious hunter I made as good bags as much better shots.

I am satisfied that there are many overworked men who could derive much benefit from hunting, and would, too, if they only knew how easy it was to take it up even quite late in life. For the last six seasons I have spent a good part of November in deer-hunting. I killed six deer last November, and stopped every deer I should have stopped. The year before I missed a running buck at fifty yards, but killed a doe the next day with as easy a conscience as though some other fellow had missed the buck. Our deer club used to hunt with dogs, and your correspondents may say what they please about still-hunting, but I would rather go out day after day and hear the dogs and hear some other member of the party shoot a deer or miss him, and never see one myself, than to put-hunt a dozen a day still-hunting. I have killed but two standing deer, and never want to kill another. We never killed deer out of season, as is done all around us by the still hunters; never killed a deer in the water, and have more deer around our clubhouse than six years ago, and expect to have fine shooting for years to come if we can keep off the still hunters. We own thousands of acres of land, poison the wolves, put out salt and plant turnips for the deer, and do everything in our power to keep up the supply of deer. I killed one deer last fall at 200 yards and one at 225 yards, and felt better over it than I would to go into a farmyard and kill a dozen—beg pardon—I mean, kill a dozen standing deer, as they were both on the dead run over logs and stumps and through brush.

I have added fishing to my list of desirable sports, not because I can get many days' actual fishing, but because one can spend so much time getting ready before the season opens and so much time lying about it afterward.

I throw a fly just as I shoot. Plenty of men can beat me at both, but what of that? I can get as much fun out of a few days in the woods, along a trout stream, or on the prairie, as any one. I claim that I can do more work in shorter time and do it better than before I took up hunting and fishing, and there are thousands of overworked business and professional men who could say the same if they would only give hunting and fishing a trial.

What business has a man whose father was a blacksmith and grandfather a farmer and great-grandfather a carpenter, perhaps, to think that he can sit at an office desk day after day and not suffer for his foolishness sooner or later? The most extravagant thing a man can do is to work himself sick; the next worst thing is to think he can do good work when out of condition. Plead with your readers to treat themselves at least as well as they do their horses.—[Forest and Stream.

CULTIVATING CONTENTMENT.

[Elizabeth Robinson Scovil, in Ladies' Home Journal.]

Much of the happiness of life is lost by sacrificing the substance to the shadow, the real to the seeming.

We all desire to have the best the world can give, but we differ very much in our idea of what the best is. Too often our standard is set by our neighbors, and we wear ourselves out in trying to live up to it. People of limited means aspire to many luxuries nowadays, that never entered into the imagination of their fathers as being possible for them to attain to.

There are many families in exactly the position in which the old prophet prayed to be—having "neither poverty nor riches." There is enough to live on in comfort if the income is spent for comfort and not for show. This is a matter peculiarly within the province of mothers, and particularly of young mothers. It is the wife, as a general rule, who regulates the expenditure of the household and the manner of living. If she is satisfied, her husband is apt to acquiesce. There is a certain amount of money to be spent, and she must decide what she will get with it.

It will buy all the necessaries of life and many of its comforts, including ease of mind; or it may be used to purchase expensive luxuries, whose possession will give the family a certain standing in the eyes of its neighbors, and with them the discomfort of doing without things that would lighten the daily toil and make work easier. With a moderate income she cannot have both without encountering the fret and worry that come from living beyond one's means.

If a mother can teach her children that it is what a man is, and not what he has, that entitles him to respect, and helps them to live up to the noble ideal that she sets before them, she has done them a service that will benefit them all their lives. We are expressly told that "the life is more than meat and the body than raiment;" and yet how many of us act as if what we ate and what we wore were the all-important points; and the inner life, that things are meant to nourish and minister to, was of no importance whatever.

We do not seem to realize that display is vulgar—in the real meaning of that much-abused word. To have everything in perfect keeping is a much surer evidence of refined taste than to have handsome garments for great occasions, and shabby ones for every-day wear, and the same discrepancy in the various details of our daily lives.

Dress is the great touchstone with us all, and specially with women to whom it is—and rightly so—a matter of extreme interest. We like to be becomingly and well dressed, and a few—a very few—know how to combine economy and elegance. For the others, who have not this gift, it only remains for us to cultivate simplicity. It is hard not to buy pretty things for children, they look so sweet in them. The young mother may console herself by thinking that expensive materials are, as a rule, unsuitable for children. Silk and velvet and plush are out of place on a child. They should wear nothing that does not suggest freshness and daintiness. A hat overloaded with feathers is as absurd on a childish head as a baby waist would be on a dowager.

Children who are brought up in a refined home where there is no attempt to make things seem other than they are; where it is frankly admitted that there are some things their parents would like which they cannot have because they cannot afford them, but which they can cheerfully do without because they have so many other blessings; children who early learn to be pleased with simple pleasures; who are taught that their claim to the respect of others must rest on their own merits and not on any accidental surroundings, have learned the lesson of contentment that will make their lives better and happier than any fortune could without it. The high sense of honor that scorns a mean act, the steadfast adherence to duty that would rather suffer wrong than do wrong, the truthfulness that spurns deceit, the tenderness and forbearance and courtesy that strength should show to weakness—if a mother can give these to her girls and boys she need not regret that she has not been able to give them all the luxuries she craved for them

DRY UP

your tears. Shout the glad tidings. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, the genuine Indian remedy made by the Indians from Herbs and Barks, cures

all diseases arising from a deranged liver, or Disease of the Blood. Sagwa cures Constipation, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Scrofula, Rheumatism and Chills and Fever. No Pains, no Tears, no Sighs, no Sobs if you restore your health with Sagwa. For sale at all Druggists.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SALVE. An Excellent Dressing for Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, and all kinds of Indolent Ulcers. This Salve is made of Real Buffalo Tallow, combined with Medicinal properties of healing Herbs, Roots, Barks, etc. Only 25 cents a package. Get it. Don't be without it.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

"Lenten Season."

Salmon, Bass, Whitefish,

Fresh Perch, Roe Shad, Halibut, Codfish, Smelts, Flounders, Lobsters, Clams, Oysters.

Choice Indian River and Florida Oranges, and Honey Sweet Oranges for 20c. a dozen. Pineapples, Grape Fruit, Nuts, Figs, Dates, etc. Choice Creamery Butter and Fresh Eggs.

CARRY BROTHERS,

257 & 259 THAMES STREET.

ORANGES,

Apples, Grapes, Figs, Nuts, Pop Corn.

GEO. D. LEWIS,

No. 238 Thames Street.

Vestments for the Clergy and all Fine Linens should be Laundered with

ELECTRIC LUSTRE STARCH.

The genuine is always in Blue Packages, 10c each. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. For sale by all grocers. The only starch which makes collars and cuffs look like new.

MRS. FRANCES CONER, wife of General John M Corse, the hero of Allatoona, and ex-Postmaster of the City of Boston, says:—

"I have the Electric Lustre Starch used in my laundry, and it gives great satisfaction. It is excellent and labor-saving."

May 6, 1891,

—IS THE—

Next meeting of F. A. S.

Electric Lodge No. 69

—AT—

Mercury Hall.

Members may bring one friend each.

$100 (in six months) $50.

SIMEON HAZARD, President.

Havana Cigars.

JUST RECEIVED,

By Steamer Saratoga, from Havana, the following sizes of Havana cigars:

Petite Bouquet,
Regalia Chica,
Perfectos.

J. D. RICHARDSON & CO.,

Opposite Postoffice,

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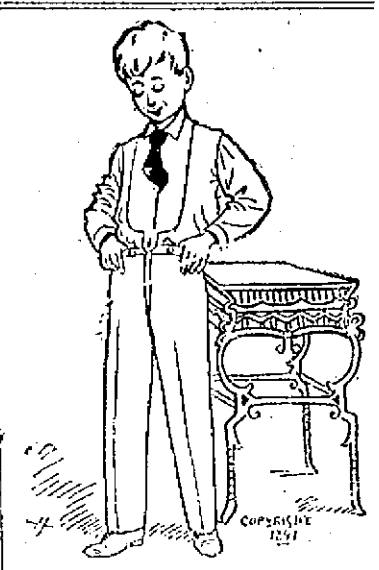
CLOTHING.



How little it costs to dress a boy handsomely if you put him into the right hands! There are three R's in his education, and there should be three S's in his attire—strong, serviceable and stylish. We dont forget that the boy of this generation is the man of the next, and we don't forget the parents, for we know who pays the bills. You will be astonished at our prices, and well you may be, for our regular lines are quoted at prices as low as, or lower than, the so-called "bargains" which are advertised elsewhere. You will find that our suits are all surprisingly good for the money.

We are showing an endless variety of

KILT SUITS, SCHOOL SUITS, DRESS SUITS, FANCY SUITS, SAILOR SUITS, JERSEY SUITS.

MOTHERS' FRIEND WAISTS.

Newport One Price Clothing Co

SECOND FLOOR.

JOHN O'CONNOR,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

333 Thames Street,

Branch of 921 6th Avenue, New York, is showing an elegant line of

Foreign and Domestic Woolens

For men's wear. Prices moderate. Pantaloons a specialty.

SCOTCH SUITINGS

OF ALL KINDS,

FOR SALE BY

Otto,

244 Thames Street,

SPRING SUITS.

We are now opening the most desirable line of spring and summer woolens we have yet shown, and invite inspection of same.

We take particular interest in showing a lot of Scotch tweeds and cashmeres which we have imported direct and which make very stylish suits.

As usual our prices are moderate and we guarantee good work and a perfect fit.

McLennan Bros.

NEW

Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER,

200 THAMES STREET.

Lawn Mowers.

This is the time to see that your mowers are in repair, or to buy a new mower. The Standard Philadelphia and Pennsylvania are the best made. Buy the O. K. for a small place, at reduced prices; put out on trial.

GEO. A. WEAVER,

Nos. 19 & 23 BROADWAY.

NEWPORT BICYCLE AGENCY.

The Gormully & Jeffery Mfg Co., Rambler.
The Stover Co., Paragon.
The Gendron Wheel Co., full line Enamel, Cement and Lubricating Oil always on hand.

CHAS. S. PLUMMER,
210 Thames Street.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlboro' street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

NOTICES.

NOTICE

—OF—

Application for Liquor License.

From the 6th up to and including the 14th April, 1891, before the BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport, the following-named persons made application for license under the provisions of Chapter 810 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure Spirituous, Intoxicating and Malt Liquors within the limits of the City, viz.:—

Peleg Bryer & Son, 25 & 27 Broadway and 9 & 11 Spring Street.
Patrick H. Corbett, 439 Thames Street.
Thomas Denniston, 27 & 29 Kinsley's Wharf.
Maurice S. Horgan, 66 West Broadway.
Fred P. Garretteon, 16 & 20 Washington Square cor. Charles Street.
Timothy J. Lyon, 19 Scott's Wharf.
John T. Martin, 558 Thames Street cor. Lee Avenue
Dennis W. Sheehan, 18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.
Sayer Brothers, 223 Thames Street cor. Sayer's Wharf.
Charles A. Trager, 58 Bath Road.
Patrick H. Horgan, 58 West Broadway cor. Callender Avenue.

The above to manufacture, or sell at wholesale and retail, and the following to sell at retail only:—

Christen Anderson, 23 Prospect Hill Street.
John Alexander, 98 Levin Street.
William L. Brady, 99 Bridge Street.
Patrick B. Burke, 1 West Broadway cor. Branch Street.
Wm. A. Barker & Co., 59 Bridge Street.
George Beakhurst, 335 & 337 Thames Street.
Albert Burkinshaw, 426 Thames, cor. Young Street.
Daniel J. Buckley, 511 Thames Street.
Peter Brucker, Jr., 10 Franklin, & 9 Prospect Hill Streets.
John F. Champlin, "Perry House," 11 to 21 Touro Street
Joseph V. Coen, 111 Long Wharf.
John J. Coffey, 70 West Broadway cor. Spruce Street.
James J. Conheeny, 515 Spring Street.
John Campbell, 47 West Broadway, cor. Collins Street.
Michael Driscoll, 499 Thames Street.
Patrick F. Dugan, 6 Market Square.
Thomas Denniston, 27 & 29 Kinsley's Wharf.
James Egan, 48 West Broadway.
John H. Fina, 497 Spring Street, cor. McAllister Court.
Karl Faerber, 489 Thames Street.
James Groves, 37 Bath Road.
Charles E. Groff, 127 Long Wharf.
Thomas Green, 451 Thames Street.
William Gash, 416 Thames, cor. Howard Street.
Paul Hertzog, 32 Washington Square.
Solomon T. Hubbard, 119 & 121 Thames Street.
Richard Holzinger, "Germania Hotel," 22 State Street.
James D. Hiller, 275 & 277 Thames Street.
Maurice S. Horgan, 13 Franklin Street.
Patrick Hunt, 152 Long Wharf.
Patrick H. Horgan, 58 West Broadway, cor. Callender Avenue.
Michael J. Johnson, 65 Long Wharf.
William C. Lynch, 30 & 32 Market Square.
Joseph Kelley, 15 Dennison Street.
Bernard McGowan, 31 Bath Road.
James N. Murphy, 104 Thames Street.
Thomas Murphy, 140 Long Wharf.
D. H. Mahogany, 125 Thames Street & 1 Long Wharf.
John Mulgan, 110 Levin Street.
James A. McMahon, 50 William Street.
Daniel J. McGowan, 14 Washington Square.
Michael J. Murphy, 428 Thames, cor. Young Street.
John T. Martin, 558 Thames Street, cor. Lee Avenue.
Charles McDermott, 18 Prospect Hill Street.
Thomas Murphy, 442 Thames Street.
Thomas Martin, 520 Thames Street, cor. Holland Street.
John J. Murray, 48 East Bowery Street.
James A. McKenna, 29 Washington, cor. Marsh Street.
Patrick Nolan, 106 William Street.
John A. Owen, 7 Duke Street.
Timothy B. O'Connell, 83 Long Wharf.
Michael O'Neill, 16 Long Wharf.
William Ormsby, 5 Scott's Wharf.
C. Frank Peasley, 5 Duke Street.
George Quarry, 13 Long Wharf.
William D. Rife, 209 Thames Street.
Timothy Sullivan, 41 Bath Road.
William P. Sullivan, 8 Kinsley's Wharf.
John G. Shay, 128 Long Wharf.
Louis Shanteler, 472 Thames Street.
Michael Shea, 300 Thames, cor. Prospect Hill Street.
Joseph Simpson, 7 & 9 DeBlois Court.
Dennis J. Sullivan, 604 Thames Street, cor. Dixon Lane.
Daniel Shea, 633 Thames Street.
Dennis W. Sheehan, 18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.
Charles A. Trager, 8 Middleton Avenue.
John F. Turgeon, 110 Thames Street.
Alva F. Weaver, 703 Thames, cor. Connection Street.
Charles F. Walsh, 638 Thames Street, cor. Dixon Lane.
E. V. Westcott, "The Aquidneck," Pelham Street.
Thos. B. Wilkinson, 295 Thames Street, cor. Scott's Wharf.

THE BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS will be in session on Tuesday, April 28th, 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at their office in Mill street, when opportunity will be given for remonstrants to be heard before acting upon said applications or granting licenses under them.

Published by the License Commissioners.

HARWOOD E. READ,
SAMUEL McADAM,
STEPHEN P. SLOCUM,

HOTELS.

PARK HOUSE,

WASHINGTON SQUARE,

JAMES H. MEAD, Proprietor.

New York's New Wonder of the World!

HOTEL Overlooking Central Park, Fifth Avenue, 58th and 59th sts., New York. HIGHEST CLASS. ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF. Plaza

On American and European Plans. Within half block 6th Ave. Elevated R. R. terminus. 6th Ave. Stages and Cross Town Cars pass doors.

"The most magnificently and luxuriously appointed, and most perfectly equipped hotel in the world."—*New York Herald Report.*

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4TH AVENUE AND 17TH STREET, NEW YORK.

Centrally located. Overlooking Union Square. Table service a la Carte.

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OCEAN HOUSE,

NEWPORT.

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A NEW CURE!

Dr. C. J. Lewis hereby announces that he has at last been persuaded to place his famous remedy on the market so that sufferers may be their own physicians.

KAKO is a sure cure for all secret diseases and does not interfere with one's work or meals

SEND NOW for the remedy. Book sent free. Country patients corresponded with till cured.

Dr. C. J. LEWIS,

No. 129 Friendship Street,

Providence, R. I.

ENTERTAINMENTS.

The Benefit of the Ideal Banjo Club.

Entertainments to Come—General Amusement Notes.

The Ideal Banjo Club may well be satisfied with its benefit entertainment at the Opera House last evening. The audience was large and enthusiastic enough to suit the most exacting, and the program pleasing from beginning to end. The club has been organized a little over a year, and in that time has taken part in a large number of benefit performances, and that it has made many friends was clearly shown by the large audience at its own benefit. The program was a long one in the beginning, but the demands of the audience for encores made it nearly double its original length. One expects the various parts of a benefit performance to be applauded, as each participant naturally has many warm friends in the audience, but there is a limit to the strength of the performer, and it must be very annoying to him to be called out again and again to satisfy the demands of his hearers. There is a limit to all things, and the small price of admission hardly warrants the repeated appearance of those who take part. The various numbers on the program last evening deserved the hearty applause accorded them, but one is led to feel that a Newport audience never knows when it gets enough, or is bound to get the full value of its money in repeated recalls. The program opened with Rossini's overture from William Tell, which was well rendered by the full New Hampshire band, under the leadership of Mr. John Greenwood. The popular Crescent Quartette, Messrs. Crandall, Root, Seannevin and Greene, followed in a medley, "Ye Olden Times," and, as an encore, gave a medley of popular songs. Mr. Peter Malone gave a baritone solo, "Whirlwind Polka," by J. Levy, with full band accompaniment, and this was so well received that he was obliged to give a second selection. Mr. Edward Phelan was very successful in his descriptive songs, but his work was seriously marred by the introduction and guying of local names, much to the disgust of many in the audience. In response to the applause, he sang a topical song, and gave a very clever imitation of Dixey's popular song, "It's English, You Know." Signor Raia's harp solo, "The Blind Boy and the Harp," by C. Oberthier, was one of the most charming performances of the evening. The music was given with an exquisite delicateness and expression, and the sweet tones of the harp and the admirable fingering held the audience spellbound. His second selection in response to the demands of the audience was equally successful. Miss Cora Gosling surprised even her friends who knew her qualifications as a singer by her rendering of "Spring Song," by F. Lynes, and the performance was given an additional touch by the violin obligato of Mr. F. McCloskey and the piano accompaniment of Mr. A. G. Langley. Miss Gosling has a particularly sweet and pleasing voice, and the difficult passages were exceedingly well handled. The next number introduced Miss Alice C. Banning and Mr. J. W. Bolton in a cornet duet, "Selection from Madame Angot," in which the two instruments blended in excellent harmony. Both Miss Gosling's song and the cornet duet were heartily applauded, and the audience was gratified with a second selection in each instance. The second part of the program was introduced by an artistic rendition of an overture from Suppe's "Poet and Peasant." The Apollo Glee Club, Messrs. Maitland, Sullivan, Holland, Carry, Fredericks, Leddy and Lutz, under the direction of Mr. F. A. Fredericks, rendered several rollicking sea songs in good voice and harmony, which made their performance one of the most enjoyable of the evening. Mr. John Merker gave a number of selections on that peculiarly sweet instrument, the zither, and was twice recalled, and presented with several bouquets. Mr. Phelan gave more humorous selections, and Stuart Robson's speech to "the little boys and the little girls" was very cleverly imitated, the squeaky voice and the manner of the comedian being exceedingly well reproduced. Miss Jennie Hoyle, whose violin solo was next on the program, was a stranger to Newport, but her artistic work in J. B. Singlee's adaptation of "Il Trovatore" at once made her very popular, and before the audience could rest content the little violinist was obliged to give two more selections. Signor Raia's second number of the program was a study by P. Alvars, in imitation of the mandolin, and again he showed himself to be an artist in his exquisite manipulation of the charming instrument. The entertainment closed with selections by the beneficiaries of the evening, the Ideal Banjo Club, consisting of Messrs. Bolton, Gorton, Gladding, Frank, Fox and Gosling, and, in spite of the lateness of the hour, they too were given a well-deserved encore. The accompaniments of Mr. Fredericks to several of the soloists were all that could be desired. The stage was very prettily arranged with piano lamps, rugs and burning grate. The club can well be satisfied with its first benefit and may rest assured that the public will give its hearty support to another such entertainment under the same management.

Last night the members of the Scandinavian Society Mjolner and their friends enjoyed a social and dance in Foresters' Hall. There was a good attendance.

This evening the last of the winter's course of entertainments, under the auspices of the Royal Arcanum, will be given in Odd Fellows' Hall, by Mr. Frank E. Thompson, of the Rogers High School, who will speak on "Alchemists." Following the address there will be dancing until 12 o'clock.

The Unity Club will on Tuesday evening next have its final social of the season. The program will include the dramatic reading of a farce by members of the club and several vocal and instrumental selections by well-known local musicians.

The local lodge of Elks will clear about $110 by the recent performance of Robert Mantell, in Moubars, for their annual benefit. While the receipts were less than in previous years, the dramatic excellence was much better, and the members are well pleased at the result.

GENERAL NOTES.

This evening Miss Julia Marlowe will give her impersonation of Viola in "Twelfth Night," at the Hollis, Boston. "As You Like It" will be repeated tomorrow afternoon, and "Ingomar" tomorrow evening will close the engagement.

Mrs. Annie Louise Cary Raymond is warmly interested in the Maine General Hospital. She has supported a free bed there for several years, and has now furnished an entire room.

Miss Agnes Huntington plays her final engagement in Boston, beginning next Monday evening, at the Hollis-street Theatre, in the popular role of Paul Jones. As the engagement is for a week only Miss Huntington has consented to give a Wednesday matinee.

Modjeska will visit Paris before her return to America, to make some studies of the history and times of Marie Antoinette, as she has a new play of that subject under consideration. She will sail for America in June and commence her tour in September.

Mrs. Langtry, now in London, is in daily communication with her manager in Boston, and he has so lately received her approval of contracts made by him for her appearance here next season that there can hardly be a doubt as to her serious intention to revisit America.

At the Boston Theatre the revival of "The Soudan" meets the favor of all patrons, the performances being even more satisfying than those of last autumn, when the play was first produced. Mr. Tompkins is having prepared an elegant souvenir for the 150th performance, Thursday, the 30th inst.

Sir Richard Mansel, a Welsh baronet of long pedigree but short purse, has married a dashing London music hall dancer and singer named Lily Earnest. Lily will not retire with the baronet to revel in his ancestral halls, but will remain on the boards, and with her earnings help clear the baronet's encumbered estates. Previous to her marriage she commanded a salary of only £5 a week, but will probably soon be worth a hundred as a rival to Lady Dunlo.

THE NEWPORT FLOWER MISSION.

The annual meeting of the Newport Flower Mission was held yesterday afternoon in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association; the attendance was small, much smaller than was to be expected of an association like the Flower Mission, interesting people who could well afford to devote some time to it. The public meeting was begun at half-past four o'clock, and was presided over by Miss Jeannette H. Swasey, president of the organization. Mrs. W. S. Langley read the secretary's report, showing during the past season the distribution of 625 bouquets, and a number of other useful articles, such as medicine, delicacies, clothing, papers and books. There were twenty-five donors of such useful articles to the society; during the year eight of the persons on the visiting list of the society died. The society meets weekly from May to October and monthly from October to May. In November a supper and cake sale was held, which netted $99; at Thanksgiving dinners were sent to forty-five families and fruit to ten more. At Christmas fifty-four families were supplied with dinners, toys, books and clothing. At the regular meeting in March it was decided to meet this season on Friday afternoons, instead of Saturday afternoons, as heretofore.

Miss Carr read the report of the treasurer, Mrs. J. D. Richardson, Jr. It showed receipts from dues of $26.50; from donations, of $27.50, and from sale, of $60.60, making a total of $113.60. The balance on hand at the beginning of the year was $12, and at the close, $21.08. The expenses were $103.71.

Miss Mary L. Thurston gave the address of the day, a very carefully prepared paper on the ideal flower mission; its purposes and how it should be conducted. She thought such a mission should be built on the broad foundation afforded by the Christian church, and that the members should consecrate their work to Christ and all they did should be done to his glory. If this was done, not only as individual members but as a society, the society could not but receive that support and grace from the Lord that can alone enable it to do its best work. Then every member should do something. It was not enough to pay their dues, though that was very necessary, since the funds were needed; but every member, even if unable to do what is called active work, could do, at some time or other, something to help on the general work of the society. The work and the associations connected with it should be such as to draw closer together those engaged in it, and make them better and stronger in faith and charity than before. It should be such as to attract those outside the society, especially just entering into womanhood and more particularly those interested in church work, for the educating influences of the society were very great, there being no better way for a young woman to become acquainted with the need of charitable and Christian work than to accompany the visitors of the sick and poor.

The ideal flower mission should reach both the sick and the poor, for in many a family able and willing to provide flowers, the pleasure derived by a sick person by a visit from outsiders was as great as, if not greater than, in the case of the poor. The society should be large enough and have sufficient funds to learn all the places in the city where their visits were desirable, and visit the same. The mission could be the stepping-stone for further and higher work; as the various families are found to need either spiritual or material assistance, the mission could, if unable to furnish it, call in those able to do so, and so, indirectly, be the occasion of good beyond their own sphere.

In support of her statement that the mission should have a direct religious character, the speaker said it was not enough that the individual members should ask the blessing of God on their work and its success. Church members, Sunday school teachers and all others interested in religious work prayed as individuals, yet did not consider that such prayers took the place of the general service of their church or did away with the necessity of attending service. So should it be with the ideal flower mission, for a blessing of the work must follow the earnest prayer of the association as a whole. In conclusion she repeated her opening remark that "the greatest need of the flower mission, as this and its other cities, is more of the power of Christ put into it."

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—

President—Miss S. P. Swinburne.
Vice President—Mrs. J. D. Richardson, Jr.
Recording Secretary—Passed.
Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Joseph T. Perry.
Treasurer—Mrs. William Hazard.
Board of Directors—Miss Phebe Bradford, Miss Mary Bullum.

The mission adjourned to meet the first Friday afternoon in May at Odd Fellows' building, when the active work will be resumed for the season.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

A special meeting of the board of aldermen was held last night, all the members being present, when the jury list for the ensuing year was canvassed and the names placed in the box. The following were drawn as jurors for the May term of the court of common pleas, which meets on the third Monday of next month:—

Grand—James B. Brayton, Herbert L. Dyer, William H. Harris, Flavius J. Manchester, Edward E. Barlow.

Petit—Henry Johnson, Abram W. Aldred, John H. Cottrell, George S. Hazard, David Brayman, Samuel M. Rose, Richard H. Freeborne, Hudson B. Kingman, Harwood E. Read, William J. H. Allman.

The following licenses were granted:—Edward Diggles, tavern; Ellen Bryant, eating house; Bridget McGinn, intelligence office; Theodore Bigorike, fireworks.

The following were referred to the chief of police to report on:—James S. Brown and T. Bigorike, for eating house; M. J. Johnson, for pool table; E. T. Wood, for fruit vender's; Jennie Nelson, intelligence office, and D. W. Sheehan, for bowling alley.

Alderman Cottrell introduced the following, which was unanimously passed:—

Resolved, That His Honor, the Mayor, is hereby requested to ask His Excellency, the Governor, to request the Honorable Supreme Court to give him the court's opinion in answer to the following question, viz:—"Can the board of aldermen of the city of Newport, ex-officio as a board of health, lawfully contract for the erection, at the city's expense, and at an expenditure of more than three thousand dollars, of a garbage furnace for the destruction of the swill and house offal collected by said city, (the same being deemed necessary by said board of health) or is the power conferred upon such ex-officio boards of health by the public statutes and reserved to said board of aldermen, under clause 1 of section 4 of the charter of said city limited by clause 4 of section 7 of said charter?"

The passage of this resolution has roused the latent legal talent of the city, for a long time dormant, and legal opinions this morning are much more numerous than yesterday. This action of the board was decided upon at a meeting of the committee on disposal of house offal held Wednesday night. For some time past there has been talk about applying for an injunction to prevent the board from going on with the new cremator, on the ground that the city government had no right, under the charter, to expend more than $3,000 for any purpose without applying to the taxpayers. Ex City Solicitor Peckham, during his long term of office, held that the board of health had the right to do what was considered necessary for the public health. This opinion is held by City Solicitor Sheffield, and on these opinions the board acted. Had the talk of injunction proceedings taken any tangible form the question of the legality of the board's action could be then decided. As there was no prospect of anything more than talk coming from this, and as it was quite essential that the board should act only in a legal way, it was decided to present the resolution. If the court answers the question the board will know what its powers are in the case.

NAVAL NOTES.

Passed Assistant Surgeon J. E. Gardner has been ordered to the Naval Hospital, New York, May 1.

United States steamer Newark came out of dock at Philadelphia yesterday and anchored off Fort Mifflin.

Gunboat Bennington has arrived at the New York navy yard, where she will be given a berth pending her acceptance by the government. She will remain in charge of the contractors at present.

Medical Inspector Daniel McMurtrie has been detached from the navy yard, New York, May 1, and ordered to the Lancaster, and upon her arrival upon the Asiatic station to report for duty as fleet surgeon of that station.

Medical Inspector Edward Kershner is detached from duty at the marine rendezvous, New York, May 1, and ordered to duty at the navy yard, New York, and Surgeon C. G. Herndon, from the Naval Hospital, New York, May 1, and ordered to duty at the marine rendezvous, New York.

JAMESTOWN.

The new sidewalk ordered by the April town meeting to extend from Admiral Porter's to the Dumpling line on Walcott avenue is now being built.

Mrs. H. L. Eustis of Boston has returned after a few days' visit to her cottage here.

Mr. Daniel Watson has rented, for Mr. Ezekiel T. Brown, his cottage on Narragansett avenue, to Mrs. Alexander Tennant for the coming season.

The fire department holds its quarterly meeting tomorrow evening.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Rev. and Mrs. W. A. Luce have returned from conference.

—Schooner R. R. Nickerson has arrived at Portland, Maine.

—Mrs. Cowie, who was reported as critically ill, is more comfortable today.

—Dredges C. H. Latham and J. McDermott were towed to New London, Conn. this morning by tug Mabel of New London.

—This morning Mr. E. C. Homans's naphtha launch was launched from Eddy's yard, where she wintered, and will be taken to the maker's shop near New York.

—A little boy of three years, named Johnny Crogan, was found by the police on Jones court today, and taken to the Police Station, where he was found and taken home by his parents.

—William Holmes Redwood, a descendant of Abraham Redwood, who founded the Redwood Library in this city, died yesterday in Baltimore. Mr. Redwood was born July 7, 1811, in New Kent county, Va., where his ancestors settled in 1637, having come from Gloucestershire, England.

—Cutter Indra will go on Eddy's ways tomorrow morning to receive a coat of paint, previous to going to New York. Harbor Transportation No. 1 was hauled up on Eddy's ways yesterday for repairs after her recent experience at the wreck.

—The north wind made the vicinity of the wrecked ship comparatively calm today, and the wreckers are busily at work getting out the cargo. Steam lighters Archer and Howard, two schooners, a barge and tugs Aquidneck and Merritt make the vicinity of the wreck a very lively one. It is expected that a large quantity of oil will be saved, as both steam lighters have been working steadily all day.

THE THAMES EMBANKMENT.

As the seat of an extensive commerce and internal trade, Roman London was as eminent in antiquity as it is today. Its monuments, the memorials of its greatness, prove its prominence. One of these, if it is Roman work, which is uncertain, is the embankment of the river Thames. This immense work is quite unequalled by any of the labors of the modern English engineers. For thirty-seven miles along the course of the stream lofty mounds confine the river within fixed bounds, and offer a secure path to the navigator. On each side the country spreads out far below the embankment, and more than once the waters have broken through, overspread the lowlands and left desolation around them. The English had neglected to repair and strengthen the banks of the river, and were indebted to the skill of a Dutch engineer for the restoration of the Roman work. "The Thames from Richmond," says Mr. Smiles, "is an artificial river." How many years of ceaseless toil, of acute engineering skill, and vast expense were employed on this unequalled work no history relates, no record even suggests. Some authorities attribute the embankment to the Belgic traders; before the Roman invasion; others even to the monks of the Middle Ages. But there is good reason to suppose that the true authors of the chief improvements on the Thames were the Romans. Similar works on almost an equal scale exist in other parts of England, and we have the complaint of the subject Britons that they were worn out and consumed in clearing the woods and embanking the fens. Not that the hapless natives were ever treated by their Roman taskmasters as harshly as were the savages of Hayti and Cuba by the Spanish discoverers. But they have outlived their conqueror.

Before these embankments were made, the country below London was an immense fen, or marsh, over which the tide flowed incessantly. The town could have been only a collection of little houses seated on the rising ground above the river. It was already a seat of considerable trade even before the Roman conquest. But the genius and skill of the Roman engineers, if the Romans built the embankment, gave it those unequalled facilities for traffic that have secured its commercial supremacy in every age. By the embankment the Thames was confined within bounds; many acres of land were added to the agricultural domain, while along the fine highway of the river a ceaseless procession of vessels of every size and form moved up and down. They came, as Strabo tells us, from the mouths of the Loire and the Garonne, the Seine and the Rhine. Some were warships, moved usually by oars, and distinguished by their sharp beaks of iron, and their crews armed with spears and shield; some were huge merchant vessels, propelled by oars and sail, laden with rich cargoes of Eastern manufactures, with the wines of Italy, and the artistic wares of Greece; some, sailing down the river from the docks of London, would carry the tin, lead, furs and the corn and cattle of the West to the ports of Gaul and Spain. Julian found in Britain the necessary supplies for his perishing soldiers in Germany, and the immense stores he drew from it when famine prevailed on the Continent show the general cultivation and prosperity of the island. His six hundred corn ships were hastily built in the forest of Ardennes, and possibly landed only on the southern shore; if we allow them a burden of one hundred tons each, they would equal the capacity of at least six Umbrias or Etrurias, and the very names of our modern argosies recall the Italian teachers of our ancestors.—[Eugene Lawrence, in Harper's Magazine for May.

The Paris Salon for 1891 will be opened May 1. The number of Harper's Bazar which appears on the same day will contain superbly engraved reproductions of four of the most noteworthy of the new paintings placed in the Salon for exhibition on that day for the first time.

For additional Local News see eighth page.

FINANCIAL.

New York, April 24, Wall street.—Opening Prices:—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 99¾; Erie, 21; Erie preferred, 51; Lake Shore, 113⅜; Louisville & Nashville, 79⅝; Missouri Pacific, 72½; New Jersey Central, 118; Northern Pacific, 23½; Northern Pacific preferred, 69¾; New York Central, 103¾; Ontario & Western, 17⅜; Oregon Transcontinental, 17¼; Pacific Mail, 40; Reading, 38¾; Rock Island, 78¾; St. Paul, 62⅝; St. Paul preferred, 113⅝; Omaha, 25¾; Texas Pacific, 15⅛; Union Pacific, 51¾; Wabash preferred, 22¾; Western Union, 82⅝; New York & New England, 39⅝; Cotton, 7.34; Sugar, 89¾; Lead, 20⅝.

11 A. M.—The stock market had a fairly steady opening this morning, but the early trading was marked by special pressure to sell what looked like short stock, and during the first half hour there was an extremely active market with drooping prices. St. Paul, Northern Pacific preferred and Sugar seemed to bear the brunt of the attack and were by far the most active stocks; but less resistance was met in Rock Island, and, which, after a slight advance to 79, retired to 78¾. The losses in the others of the regular list were confined to less than ½ per cent. Sugar, however, dropped 1 per cent., to 88¾. After the pressure was removed there was a period of hesitation and stagnation, but buying was resumed immediately on a larger scale and the later dealings were marked by a renewal of the early activity, while the losses were regained with fractions in addition in almost every case. St. Paul, Chicago Gas and C., C., C. & St. Louis led in the upward movement and the advances in some cases extended to large fractions. At 11 o'clock the market was active and strong, at the highest prices reached and generally small fractions better than first prices.

Noon—Money on call, steady at 3 @ ½; prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 7; bar silver, 96½; sterling, quiet and steady; actual rates, $4.85 60 ½ for sixty days, and $4.88¼ @ ½ for demand; posted rates, $4.85 @ 89½; government bonds, dull and steady; 4s reg., 121; 4s coup., 121¼; 4½s reg., 102; 4½s coup., 103; railroad bonds, fairly active and generally firm; Pacific 6s, 113. The upward movement in the stock market made but slight further progress after 11 o'clock, as did also the activity which prevailed. Wabash preferred had become the feature of the market, and scored a gain of 1 per cent, to 23¾, but it recovered with the rest and most of the improvement was lost. The general list went back to below the opening figures as a rule, and it was not until near noon that the declining tendency ceased. The dealings developed no special feature, however, and at noon the market was fairly active and barely steady, generally at a

New York, April 24. Noon.	
Canadian Pacific	79¼
Canada Southern	52
Alton	168
preferred	160
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	90⅜
C., C., C. & I.	
Del. Hudson	134
Del. Lack.	135⅜
Denver & Rio Grande	18½
Erie	21¼
preferred	51⅜
Ill.	102
Kansas & Texas	11⅜
Lake Shore	113
Louisville & Nashville	79⅝
Michigan Central	93
Missouri Pacific	72¾
N. J. Central	118¼
Northern Pacific	23⅝
preferred	69¾
Northwestern	111¾
preferred	135⅛
N. Y. Central	103½
N. Y. & N. E.	39¼
Ohio & Mississippi	18½
preferred	
Ontario & Western	17¾
Oregon Nav.	75
Oregon Trans-Cont'l	16⅞
Pacific Mail	38⅝
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	21½
Reading	38¾
Rock Island	78⅝
St. Paul	62¾
preferred	113¾
Manitoba	106¾
Ont.	28½
preferred	80
Texas Pacific	15⅝
Union Pacific	50⅝
Wabash, St. L. & Pac.	11⅞
preferred	23¾
Western Union	83¾
Am. Cotton Oil	27¼
Sugar Trust	88⅞
Lead Trust	20

NEW YORK CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

[Reported by J. H. Barney, Jr., 30½ Thames St.]

Atchison	34⅛
Am. Sug. Ref.	90⅛
Am. Sug. Ref. preferred	
Chicago Gas Trust	51½
Canada Southern	52
C., B. & Q.	91¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	65¼
Delaware & Lackawanna	139⅝
Delaware & Hudson	
Erie	21½
Hocking Valley	
Lake Shore	113
Louisville & Nashville	80⅝
Lead Trust	20⅛
Michigan Central	
Missouri Pacific	72¾
New York & New England	39½
New York Central	
New Jersey Central	
Northern Pacific	23⅝
Northern Pacific preferred	70⅛
Northwestern	111¾
North American	17⅛
Omaha	
Pacific Mail	38⅝
Pullman Palace	
Petroleum	
Rock Island	78⅝
Richmond Terminal	18⅝
Reading	39
St. Paul	64⅛
Silver	
Sugar Trust	
Texas Pacific	
Western Union	83⅝
Wisconsin Central	
Wheeling & Lake Erie	
Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred	
Union Pacific	51½
Manhattan	

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

Boston, April 24. Noon.

American Bell Telephone	202¾
Boston Water Power	2¼
West End Land Co.	21
Franklin Mining Co.	17½
Tamarack Mining Co.	150
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	33¾
Boston & Albany	202¾
Fitchburg com.	21½
Fitchburg preferred	83
Mexican Central	23¼
New York & New England	39½
Old Colony	166½
West End Railway preferred	85¼
Wisconsin Central	21⅝

The demand for Atchison continues as active as ever, and the stock keeps at the head of the favorites. A good deal of the present buying is for investment account, and all the bear talk of the manipulator is having no effect whatever on the present good feeling.—[Boston Transcript.

A gentleman just returned from a trip through the winter wheat belt says he never saw conditions so favorable as they are at this time. He predicts the largest yield ever recorded, and says the farmers are in high spirits as to the present and future. The same gentleman says the stock of wheat in farmers' hands is larger than is generally believed, and he is satisfied that this statement will be confirmed by railroad earnings later.—[Boston News Bureau.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

1. To naval officers and others:—Furnished cottages by the year, $350, $600, $700, $1,000; for the summer season, $100 to $600; some very good at $500.
2. Furnished houses in fashionable localities for summer only—$1,000, $3,000, $1,800, $1,500, $1,350, $1,000 on Bellevue avenue and elsewhere.

Office, - - 121 Bellevue Avenue.

Is also Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds, etc., for Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan and Wisconsin.

DIED.

HANDY—23d inst., Mary Catharine, daughter of the late Major John Handy and Frances his wife.

Funeral from Trinity Church Sunday at 12.15 P. M., to which relatives and friends are invited.

McMILLEN—In this city, 24th inst., Janet Menzies, wife of Abraham McMillen, aged 39 years. Notice of funeral hereafter.

ARTHUR—In this city, 23d inst., Margaret Arthur, in the 53d year of her age.

The funeral will take place from St. Mary's Church tomorrow (Saturday) morning at 11 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend

M. COTTRELL, Furnishing Undertaker, COTTRELL BLOCK, three doors south of the Postoffice. Residence No. 79 Thames street, near Marlboro' street. R. C. Cottrell, residence, No. 104 Mill street.

Dyspepsia's victims are numbered by thousands. So are the people who have been restored to health by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Chewing Gum Free.

The Jones & Priuley Co. of Elkhart, Indiana, will send a sample package of their California Fruit Chewing Gum free to any one applying for it. This gum has been pronounced absolutely pure and wholesome by leading Western chemists and physicians. Write them a postal card and secure a free sample.

Ladies take Angostura Bitters generally when they feel low spirited. It brightens them up. Dr. Siegert & Sons, sole manufacturers. At all druggists.

Town meeting tonight? Make the selectmen keep the hall warm, but if you do get a bad cough or cold, make the druggist sell you a bottle of Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Natural History Society.

REGULAR MEETING at 8 o'clock, evening of Monday, April 27, in the museum, Touro street. Rev. George W. Cutter will read a paper entitled "**Geological and Other Notes on Egypt.**" The meeting is open free to all ladies and gentlemen interested in the subject. A full presence of members is requested by the council. A. O'D. TAYLOR, Secretary.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Royal Arcanum Course of Entertainments.

The concluding entertainment will be given in
ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING,
Friday Eve'g, April 24, at 8 o'clock.
Lecture by Mr. Thompson,
Of the High School.
SUBJECT—THE ALCHEMISTS.
Afterwards there will be dancing until 1 A. M. Tickets, 50c., to be obtained at the Mercury Office, Observer Office and of J. T. Wright, W. H. Lee, J. W. Langley and J. M. Taylor.
☞ A limited number only will be sold. ☜

Opera House.

Sunday Evening, April 26, 1891.

Splendidly Illustrated Lecture
—ON—
The Passion Play,
—BY—
Rev. Father Coyle, assisted by Professor Robert Turner of Boston.

Professor Turner's views of this terribly-realistic drama have everywhere received the unstinted praise of press and public.

Excellent reserved seats may be secured during the week at Jennings's, 126, and Walsh Brothers', 222 Thames street.

PROBATE NOTICES.

Probate notices are published in the Daily News on Friday of each week as ordered by the Court of Probate. The cost is no less in it than in any other paper in the county

Guardian's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the estate in Rhode Island of **William S. Patten**, minor, of Wellesley in the State of Massachusetts, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to him.

ARTHUR RUNNEWELL, Guardian.
Newport, April 17, 1891.

Executor's Notice.

DANIEL BURDICK of Providence, Rhode Island, hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the Will of **Margaret Davis Burdick**, late of said Newport, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.

Newport, R. I., April 17, 1891.

Notice of Executrix.

ELLEN MURPHY hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Executrix of the Will of **John Harrington**, late of said Newport, deceased, and that she is qualified to act as such Executrix.

Newport, R. I., April 10, 1891.

Notice of Administratrix.

SUSAN C. HARRIS of Providence Rhode Island hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administratrix on the Estate of **Peter Robinson** late of said Newport deceased, and that she is qualified to act as such Administratrix.

Newport, April 24th, 1891.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, April 6th A. D. 1891, at 10 o'Clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Bridget M. Caure, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of **Charles Caure**, late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to her, or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 27th day of April 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate, of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, April 6th A. D. 1891, at 10 o'Clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Gould H. Redmond and Gould Hoyt, of the City, County and state of New York, presented this day, praying that an instrument in writing presented therewith, purporting to be the last will and testament of **Henry S. Hoyt**, late of Newport, deceased, may be proved, approved, allowed and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the state of said deceased may be granted to them, Executors named therein:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 27th day of April 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, April 20th A. D. 1891, at 10 o'Clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION, in writing, of Abby Richardson, presented this day, praying that letters of administration on the estate of **John D. Richardson**, late of said Newport, deceased, intestate, may be granted to her or some other suitable person:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 11th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, April 21st, A. D. 1891.

ROSE N. HERRMANN having this day filed in this office her petition in writing to the Court of Probate of said Newport, praying that letters of administration on the estate of her father **George Herrmann** late of said Newport, deceased intestate, may be granted to her or to another suitable person and said petitioner having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the Newport Daily News.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that said petition will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday the 11th day of May A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the Probate Office in the City Hall in said Newport.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 20th day of April A. D. 1891, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

ON THE PETITION in writing of Arthur Hunnewell Guardian of the estate in Rhode Island of **William S. Patten**, minor of Wellesley, Massachusetts, presented this day, praying that he may be Authorized to sell at private sale for a better and more advantageous investment, the interest of his said ward in certain Real Estate situate in said Newport, and particularly described in said petition:

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 11th day of May 1891, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Daily News once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.

Every kind of Printing at shortest notice and in the best manner at the Daily News Job office, 207 Thames Street.

CLEVELAND ON THE SILVER QUESTION.

Ex-President Cleveland has been interviewed regarding his anti-silver letter, and among other things is reported to have said:—

"I feel that these friends were entitled to know how I stood on the question, and so I took the first favorable opportunity to give my views. Since I did so I have received a large mail from all over the country, thanking me for having done so. My correspondents say that the party had a right to know my views, and that I would not have acted in good faith if I had kept them a secret.

"If I have caused a thorough discussion of the subject among Democrats, they must admit that I acted wisely."

Mr. Stephens on behalf of the Missouri Democrats, asked:—"If, in case you are elected President in 1892 and a Democratic Congress should pass a free coinage bill, would you veto it, no matter if you know that the great majority of your party favored the measure?"

"If I should be elected President in 1892," answered the ex-President, "such a bill would not reach me until 1894, as Congress would not meet until December, 1893. So that is a bridge we had better not attempt to cross until we come to it.

"What would be bad for the country at the present time might be a necessity in 1894. As the volume of business increases, it is necessary to increase the currency. The amount of the present per capita should be increased, but changes should be made gradually.

"When the law was passed providing for the coinage of $2,000,000 per month, I feared the result, for I thought it would prove an injury to the business interests of the country, for the time at least. However, the law proved a benefit, for, contrary to my opinion, the country was ready for the change.

"When the present law providing for $4,500,000 per month was passed, I thought the measure too radical, and that it might have the effect of driving gold out of the country, but in this I was mistaken, and both those opposed as well as those in favor of free coinage believe that the present law is a wise one in so far that the country has benefited by it. With the rapid strides the country is making, it is impossible to say what financial measure we may be ready for in 1894.

"In forming my views upon the subject I did not alone consider the interests of any one section of this country. My only desire is to see financial legislation enacted that will benefit the people in the West as well as in the East, and those in the North as well as those in the South. This great country of ours, with its diversified interests, should not be viewed from the standpoint of any section.

"I have been unable to see how free coinage could fail of being an injury in every section of this country, believing, as I do, that it would drive gold out of circulation. As we are in a great measure dependent upon European markets for our products, we are obliged to take them into consideration.

"When I have suggested a monetary conference of the representatives of other governments and our own, which could agree upon a new standard of value, my suggestions have been scoffed at by Europeans.

"I am delighted that the people are now engaged in such a thoughtful consideration of this question, and that by 1892 they will have decided whether or not we are ready to handle all the silver of the world."

THE MAFIA.

The Mafia has its grades as clearly defined as those of the nobility." At the roots of it is a sort of deportment which is recognized as the first qualification, called Umerta, a Mafiote abstraction of morality, *sui generis*, defined by Tommasi Crudelt as a special code, "which establishes as the first duty of a man to do himself justice with his own hands for all injuries received, and stamps with infamy and holds up to public execration and public vengeance whoever appeals to justice or assists its operations." And even the honest common people regard it as a virtue to hide an assassin from the pursuit of justice, or to refuse to testify against him, the code of the Omerta saying that "when one man is dead we must think of the living one," and that "giving evidence is good as long as it does no harm to the neighbor" (*La Sicilia nel* 1871). With a public sentiment of this color (and this obtains more or less in all southern Italy) the pursuit of crime becomes so difficult that, but for the corruption of the lower *manutengoli* by the police, punishment would be a curiosity in the police records.

The *manutengolo* is the lowest member of the Mafia. He is the friend who hides, or feeds, or aids the active agent in crime, the proprietor who allows the brigand or murderer to shelter in his farmhouse, and even warns him of the movements of the police, generally from fear for his person or his property; or sometimes the citizen who bribes or threatens the jury when the criminal is brought to justice. The next grade is the *malandrino*. This is a positive criminal, and often of the worst type. "He lives in appearance honestly, has a business, is regular in his life, and is a citizen in full possession of his rights and privileges as such. But in reality he is the organizer, the director of the bands of brigands. He protects and aids them morally and materially, and cheats them of their booty. If by a rare chance he is discovered and is likely to be convicted, he takes to the mountains himself." He does not limit his encouragement to the heroic form of brigandage, but patronizes the cattle-lifter or highway robber, who form the next grades. He warns the outlaw of his opportunities and sells the proceeds, more to his advantage than that of his accomplice. Actual brigandage may be said to be now practically suppressed, and the recent cases of it have not been so fortunate as to encourage further attempt.

The form of crime in which the Mafia exerts the greatest influence on the general criminality of the island is what is known as the *Abigeato*, cattle stealing on a large scale, in which the complicity of different classes of the population is most required. The Mafiote of high rank is spared on condition of his silence, but even those who are obsequious to the organization are not overlooked. The victims are generally the less wealthy owners of herds, who have little power to make their rights respected, and who do not dare make complaint to the authorities, for fear of worse. The cattle when stolen are driven to hiding places remote from their pastures, and in some secret spot butchered, the skins and offal buried or deposited in a cave and the animal, quartered, sold to the butcher of some village or town in the vicinity, at a price which gives a tribute to the complicity of the receiver. The meat is sold in secret, and the inhabitants, though assured by the price of its dishonest origin, do not hesitate to buy it, and the police, if by chance they find that the meat had not been acquired regularly, find no one ready to aid in tracing the origin of it, but many to depose that the *bollo* to show its purchase had been lost, or that the meat had been bought of some passing vendor—for, with all the ingenious regulations to prevent the selling of stolen meat, there are always more ingenious devices and more audacious false swearing to prove that it was not stolen. If the herd stolen is large, the proprietor goes to some friend who is in the high Mafia and tells him of it, on which the other promises to inquire. After two or three days he returns and tells his friend that two or three of the herd have been eaten, but that, if he will pay a certain sum, he thinks the thieves can be induced to return the rest. The victim knows that his friend will pocket part of the money, but he is silent and pays. Or the animal may be distributed among the partners and driven to the cattle fairs in distant parts of the island, and sold with forged *bollettas* certifying their proprietorship, or a complaisant syndic gives *bollettas* in blank as his part of the Mafiote work.—London Times's Rome Correspondence.

DUCAL LIVING IN WASHINGTON.

The Mortons are personally much liked. Mr. Morton is a very polished, fair-minded man, of no great force, but with an honorable ambition always to do his best. His wife is a gentle, well-bred woman, devoid of anything like snobbishness. They are worth many millions and live in greater style than half the princes in Europe. It must be a queer thing to a provincial man or woman, who has had no chance to measure the enormous social and material differences between classes, to come to Washington and see the magnificence in which the men who govern the republic live. The state maintained by the Mortons, and dozens upon dozens of other people in public life here, is that of an English ducal family. The Mortons have three magnificent homes, and a retinue of servants and attachés which is imposing. Their mode of life cuts them off as completely from any association with the people they sprang from originally as much as if they lived on another planet. Mr. Morton is not in the least purse-proud, nor are any of his family for that matter, but there is an impassable wall of circumstances between him and the people he was brought up with, when he kept a New England country store. That is one of the most curious developments of the republic. General Washington was one of the richest men in the United States, yet nowhere in his letters, or in his personal history, is there the slightest indication that all the people around him did not consider themselves on a perfect social equality with him, or that the style in which he lived—superb for those days—interposed any barrier between his neighbors and himself. Likely as not the old gentleman never had the slightest notion that his money made any difference.

But there is another man here who has got the biggest and finest house that ever was—and who is very much disgusted thereby—and that is Senator Hale. It seems that Mrs. Zachariah Chandler, who is Mrs. Hale's mother, determined to build a splendid house here, and give it to Senator and Mrs. Hale. So she bought a magnificent piece of ground, had plans for a gigantic house drawn, and the builders went to work. It is now nearly finished, and is so superb that it would take a fortune to keep it. Moreover, it is a mighty dangerous thing for a public man to build that sort of a house here. Secretary Blaine and ex-Secretary Robeson and the late Secretary Windom could have told a tale bearing upon this issue—and it is quite possible that the big house may cost Senator Hale his election. When Zeke Hayseed, member of the legislature from Fugwash district, comes to Washington, and goes to call on 'Gene Hale, and is received by a gorgeous flunkey, blazing in livery, and is ushered into a palatial drawing room, he will resent it silently but inevitably.

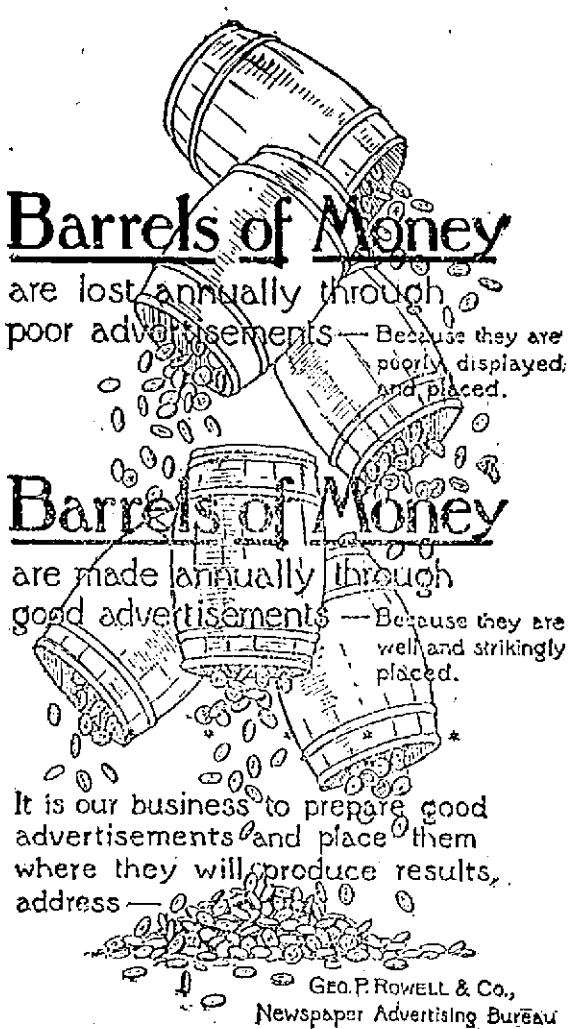
'Gene and Mrs. Hale will try to make up to Zeke by the cordiality of their welcome for the splendor of their establishment. They will urge Zeke to return to dinner. Zeke thinks dinner is at 1 o'clock, and will be staggered when half-past seven is mentioned. Having no evening clothes, Zeke will wear his best suit of Boston manufactured clothes, long-tailed, single-breasted frock coat, striped waistcoat and trousers. Anticipating this, 'Gene too will wear a morning coat, and will be oblivious of the long-tailed frock. But the flunkies won't be. Who cannot fancy Zeke's agony under the stony glare of the butler in faultless evening costume, and of the gorgeous footman, who continually passes him things he doesn't know the names of, or even how to eat? Zeke will go back to Fugwash, feeling somehow as if Gene had done him an injury. He will realize the great gulf between them. He will say, "Waal, they say as how the mother-in-law give it tew him, but I swow if it don't look to me as if 'Gene was makin' money out o' the railroads, or in them lobbyin' schemes." Poor 'Gene! He doesn't want the great big house, and hates the notion of living in it.—[Washington letter to Boston Transcript.

A NEW OPERATIC STAR.

A great sensation was created in London by the appearance of a new operatic star who hails from the United States. Eugene Esperance Oudin, who was born in New York in 1858, is the son of French parents and received his musical training exclusively in his native city. A graduate of Columbia University, he was admitted to the bar in 1883 and practiced until 1885, occupying his leisure time with the study of music. He became a pupil of Signor Moderati, the celebrated teacher, and for six years was baritone soloist at St. Stephen's Roman Catholic Church. In 1886 he made his operatic

EUGENE ESPERANCE OUDIN.

debut as Valentine in "Faust" with the provincial troupe of the American Opera Company, following this up with many other successes. He then sang with the M'Caull, and other light opera companies until the summer of last year, when he was engaged by Mr. D'Oyly Carte for the new opera of Sir Arthur Sullivan. The part of the Templar in this opera was written expressly for him. His impersonations of this character excited universal admiration, and the London critics all unite in predicting him a splendid future. It is assumed that Mr. Oudin will return among us next year, when he will undoubtedly receive a hearty welcome as due to our principal opera singer.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CHAPTER VII.

DINING OUT.

Miss Willis and her escort, Mr. Bassett, bringing up the rear.

Thursday night found Windward in the midst of delightful company. The popular Rev. Dr. Shepherd, Louise's pastor; Senator Bills and his buxom, anecdotal wife, famous for her good stories; Commander Griggs, of the navy; a Mr. Pollok, who lived in Shanghai with his niece; a Miss Willis, and himself, as guests. It was a choice group. All were versed in society, fond of life, and capable of enjoying it. Louise was radiantly beautiful and in captivating spirits. The laconic colonel was in high feather, throwing off epigrams as easily and brilliantly as a skillful pianist frolics with the keyboard. The jests started at the blessing, and from that on it was a sparkling succession of verbal sweetmeats, mind and digestion working in that true union which distinguishes the perfect feast.

They talked of everybody and everything; of the need of a new opera house; that the White House was shabby; the fashionable colors in roses; recent burglaries; Conkling; the last hop at the Marine barracks, and the fight between Mrs. Capt. Chains and a certain senator's wife over the detachment of Lieut. Biggs; the absurd creatures in the Diplomatic corps; the new set of china, and how to tell real Satsuma from Awata ware; the work of the associated charities; ocean racing, etc. Windward saw his part was to listen and observe. These people could teach him how to make even the weather interesting. It was like the November meteors. Whisk! flash! went the word play; now humor, in bright, mild sheets; now wit, darting zigzag in streaks of flame, hot shot, nimble, gay, quick spurts, like stars on a frolic. It was "small talk," of course, but what of it? Suppose, in a garden, we prefer humming birds to dodos, and think goldfish better for a parlor aquarium than walruses!

There, to begin with, at the head of the table, was McArdle, one of the noted story tellers of Washington, which means one of the best in the world. And tonight he was on his mettle, for like most men of strong character he had a streak of vanity in his composition, and he knew that Griggs, that fashionable rounder, would be retailing his good things on the morrow at the Metropolitan club and the hotels. Possibly the colonel, sly, silent man, invited Griggs to dinner now and then on this account, and possibly Griggs, sly old diner out, knew how to get at not only McArdle's table but many others.

McArdle had one of those retentive and accurate memories which make acquisition possession. We read of great generals who knew every soldier in their armies by name, and in like manner McArdle could summon from the well ordered files of his memory the fact for the time. This faculty gave him a great advantage in mixed companies and in discursive conversation. He seemed equally versed in theology, politics, travel, literature and fashion, for of all men he knew when to be silent, what paths to avoid, how far to go and how to turn. Thus he trod securely, whether he praised the eloquence of the minor prophets, criticised the magazines, protested against the latest freak in millinery or complimented Miss Willis on her beautiful eyes. Beautiful indeed they were, and glowing brightly to-night, as not only the observant colonel had noticed, but Louise, and the experienced Griggs, and her neighbor, young Mr. Bassett.

Ah, she was a pretty girl! Such dark, soft eyes, gently bright, such a glow of health and good spirits, such a sweet, changeful mouth, with its red bow of love; such a proudly rounded chin, with a dimple in it to take away the terror; such a rich, fresh complexion, which showed that young, warm blood coursed in her veins; yet quiet, even pensive, when at rest, as if her shadowy eyes were saying, "My lover is coming somewhere; are you he?" A sweet face this, and encircled in a mazy aureole of artfully disordered hair, giving her a sketchy beauty, like the ruffled velvet of a tea rose.

Till the dinner was ending Windward had said little to his fair neighbor beyond the polite civilities of the dining table, though he had remarked her beauty and been put at ease by her cordial manners. To say truth, they had both been too much interested in McArdle's colloquies with the older guests to seek to entertain each other. But now the colonel seemed disposed to bring out the young end of the table, and led on by his adroit direction the blushing miss was soon making bright, pert speeches to every one's enjoyment, and to her own most of all, for she saw, thanks to the colonel's piloting, she was showing to advantage.

"I like girls of her age," remarked McArdle later on in the evening to the Rev. Dr. Shepherd. "The anxiety they show to be charming is really a most refined flattery. How plainly such a young woman shows her sincere desire to please! How grateful and happy she is if she finds she is making herself agreeable!"

Louise had much of the colonel's tact for making friends appear at their best. She said little herself, busying her alert eyes and ears in table cares, anticipating every wish and need; watching the service, and only giving the conversation a nudge now and then at a lull. Louise was truly hospitable, and so was not obliged to hide a lack of real cordiality behind the cant phrases of welcome. We do not write "This is a horse" under a sketch by Rosa Bonheur; and, similarly, Louise's hospitality was always intelligible and satisfying by its own truthfulness. It was worth studying, that smooth, simple, graceful management of the hostess, dignified but full of good cheer, easy but not slack. Mrs. Bills did study it, and went away to sound Miss Sheffield's praises. "Everybody is a 'lady' nowadays," she said, "but that Louise Sheffield is a real gentlewoman."

What wonder if, between such a host and hostess, the guests were ready to join the politic Griggs, in holding that civilization culminates in the perfect dinner. And perfect it had been, though just at the close Windward noticed for the first time the absence of wine.

The feast broke up with an absurd story from Mr. Pollok, who over the nuts and raisins had been drawn into talking of travel. He said that in the Malay peninsula a curious insect abounded, known as the leaf insect, from its power of assuming the color and appearance of dried leaves. Hence the natives in gathering kindling for their simple fires would often unwittingly collect an armful of these creatures instead, and when they heaped them under the pot and applied a firebrand, what would be the cook's astonishment and chagrin to find his singed and frightened kindlings wriggle off to cover in a thousand directions.

"Doctor," inquired Senator Bills of his vis-a-vis, the clergyman, "I ask you, as an expert, where do people go who tell such stories?"

"I don't know," replied Dr. Shepherd—the dinner was over, and all were rising—"but for myself I am going to follow the ladies to the parlor."

"We look to the clergy to lead in all good movements," said McArdle, waving the doctor and Mrs. Bills gracefully toward the parlor, and without much formality the other guests followed, Miss Willis and her escort, Mr. Bassett, bringing up the rear, save as Col. McArdle had been detained an instant by some casual incident, and followed on with Senator Bills at a little distance from the rest of the group; a natural and wholly unimportant fact, this, and the only wonder was that Windward knew who was before or behind him, with such a lovely burden on his arm. Nor were his perceptions clear, but as the two gentlemen came up behind him he overheard McArdle say something about a railroad and a committee, and mention one or two very well known public men.

And Senator Bills' reply was very distinct, "Well, as you say, that is quite important, and I shall look it up in the morning." There was no postprandial, anecdotal sportiveness in those tones. Very clearly, for one moment, the two men, host and guest, were talking business.

"Now I wonder—I should just like to know," thought the young lawyer, "if all of us got that good dinner so McArdle could quite accidentally mention that interesting fact, whatever it was, to Senator Bills."

But here he was recalled from dreamland by a coquettish pinch on the arm. "A penny for your thoughts," said the pouting miss.

"To tell the truth, I was thinking what charming neighbors one finds at a dinner in Washington."

"Oh, of course!" she replied demurely, mollified and smiling.

[To be continued.]

HARRISON ON RECIPROCITY.

President Harrison's letter to the Republican league meeting at Cincinnati emphasized the statement that the administration policy is to protect and enlarge our domestic industries, and for the extension of our foreign trade by reciprocal arrangements not inconsistent with a protective policy. But the truth of history would compel the additional statement that anything resembling reciprocity was spurned by McKinley's committee in the House of Representatives, which absolutely snubbed Mr. Blaine and drew from him the stinging remark that the tariff as devised by McKinley, Reed & Co. would not open a new market for any Western product. Whatever of reciprocity there is in the measure was forced into it by James G. Blaine. We notice that Colonel Albert Clarke, secretary of the Home Market Club of this city, in addressing a Republican meeting at Music Hall, Dorchester, stated it to be a free-trade delusion that our manufacturers, in order to prosper, must have free raw materials. It is very singular that so many manufacturers have petitioned the law-making power, state and national, in favor of free raw materials if Colonel Clarke is not also the victim of a delusion.—[Boston Transcript.

The farmers of New York have organized a State Alliance with many branches, and announce themselves in for the war.

A DUEL UNDER WATER.

"You didn't forget the widow, did you, Tom, when you paid the lad off? We've been on a pretty long cruise this time, and like enough she'll be in need of many more things than the boy's wages will buy for her."

"Oh, no, Bill, I didn't forget Nancy. I put two ten dollar bills in an envelope, one from you, and one from me, and gave them to the young chap for his mother. But I say, Bill, I think that on the next job we'd better 'dress' the boy, and let him make a 'dip' alongside of either one of us, while the other 'tends' him. My word for it, he will make a good diver after a little practice, with such men as you and I to teach him the business."

"I guess you're right, mate," answered Bill. "If Neddy has a liking for the work, and the widow don't object, the lad might as well commence now as any time. I'll take a walk up to the cottage tonight, and see what Nancy has to say about it. She may think it's most too dangerous a business for her only boy, but Lor', Tom, ain't you and I spent half our lives under water and are none the worse for it now?"

"That's so, Bill. Why, a diver in his armor, with a good 'tender' at the surface, is just as safe as a parson in his pulpit. Yes, you'd better go and see Nancy," continued Tom reflectively, "and have a talk with her. And say, mate, see if she wants anything, so that we can get it for her afore we go away again."

"All right, old man. So long!" and with that the one who had been addressed as Bill turned and walked away, while his companion, Tom, seated himself upon a diver's pumpbox and watched his friend out of sight.

The foregoing conversation took place on the deck of a small wrecking schooner which was lying alongside of one of the wharves in San Francisco, having just arrived at that port from a trip down the coast, where her crew had succeeded in securing all the valuable materials of a sunken vessel that had been lost some hundred and fifty miles to the northward of Cape St. Lucas.

The two characters introduced were the divers, and firm friends they were, having worked together continuously for years. In fact, neither one would accept a "contract" unless the other was included within its terms.

Bill had just disappeared, when the captain of the schooner emerged from the cabin and approached the solitary figure on deck.

"Ah, Tom," he began, jocosely; "counting the stars, or thinking over your past sins?"

"No, cap; you're wrong about the stars, for I haven't cast an eye aloft for the last half hour; but as for the past—yes, I was beginning to think over that a little. I often think over it. Sometimes I'm pleased with the recollection, and then again I wish it had been somebody else that had gone through what Bill and I have, and not us."

"Why, man, what is it that you and your mate have done that you dislike to recall to mind. I've known you both for nearly twenty years, and, though I say it to your face, I never saw two squarer men on salt water in my whole life."

"Well, cap'n, I think we have done pretty near what is right since you sailed in our company; but shortly afore you fell in with us there was something that happened which both Bill and I would give all we are worth if it hadn't. Although I'm beginning to feel that it might have been for the best, as it brought forth what little there was of good in the characters of two men."

"I have always believed that there was a page in your histories which would prove of deep interest, but one which you have hitherto carefully guarded. Now, if it is not asking too much, I beg that you will make a confidant of me, and accept the word of a sailor that I will never reveal the secret."

At this Tom hesitated ere he began.

"Cap, although Bill and I never said that what happened that day we wouldn't talk about, yet we have mutually kept silent on the subject, more because it wasn't real pleasant for either of us to think of than because we were ashamed to let the world know what confounded fools we made of ourselves. Yes, cap'n, I'll tell you. It was way back in '65, when Bill and I were working together on a wreck just inside of Chesapeake bay, between Cape Henry light and Hampton roads.

"We had come down from New York, and were pretty spruce young chaps in those days. Now, it seemed, although neither one of us knew it, that we were both thinking considerable of the same girl. We had been aboard of a wrecking schooner, about the size of this one, for nearly two weeks, when one Sunday I was overhauling my things in the forecas'le, and was just taking out a picture of the 'little one' that I'd left up home. Bill came along, and, looking over my shoulder, says, 'Hullo, chum. Who have you got there?'

"Says I, as honest as could be, handing him the picture, 'That's the woman I hope to be my wife some day.'

"'Your wife!' says he, as he took the photograph. 'My God! That's Nancy Stewart!' and glancing up, I saw Bill starting at the picture with his face as white as a new gaff-topsl'. Then thrusting the likeness into his pocket, he hissed through his clenched teeth, 'No, Tom Baxter! She will never be your wife!' and, turning, he sprang up the steps out of the forecas'le before I could stop him.

"As you may imagine, I was boiling mad, and surprised as well. I followed Bill on deck, and saw him sitting on a water cask with both hands up to his face. I approached him, and touching him on the shoulder I asked as gently as I could for the return of the picture.

"As he looked up to me the expression of his countenance was that of a maniac; his features were distorted with either anger or anguish, I know not which.

"'Come, come,' I said after a pause, during which my chum glared vacantly at me. 'Give me back the photograph.'

"The answer I received was a blow, and down I went as though shot, with Bill on top. I was considerably stronger than he in those days, and soon got the best of the affair. I held Bill down on deck with one hand at his throat, and with the other pulled the picture from his pocket; but in doing so it was torn in two, and I only secured one half. At this instant our shipmates separated us, and for the rest of that day we avoided each other as much as possible.

"On Monday morning, as we were 'dressing' ourselves side by side as usual, ready to go down to work, I could hear Bill muttering under his breath, and just as his 'tender' was screwing on the face piece to his helmet I caught a most malignant look upon his features, but he uttered no threats aloud.

"My companion had scarcely reached the bottom ere I was in the water and rapidly descending. I had made up my mind to give Bill as wide a berth as possible during the day, and began my labors, stripping off the copper from the wreck well aft while he was amidships.

"We had been down perhaps half an hour, and I was commencing to feel a little more at ease, when all at once I heard a slight tapping on my copper helmet and a hand was placed upon my shoulder. I had been kneeling, but quickly rose to my feet, and turning, saw Bill standing before me; but his aspect sent a chill to my very heart. He was extending toward me a knife, the blade of which he touched with one finger, and then pointed to my weapon, which hung in its sheath at my belt.

"I comprehended his meaning. It was a challenge to mortal combat. But what a place for such an encounter! I am ashamed to admit, however, that after the brief first instant of surprise I began to feel an insane desire to overcome and subdue my rival, even though it was in a struggle to the death.

"So, dropping the short iron bar with which I had been previously working, I drew my knife in turn. On seeing this move Bill reached forth one hand and grasped mine, which he gave a convulsive pressure, and then waved me back to prepare for action.

"Now began the battle. The thrusts, as you must know, were somewhat impeded by the pressure of the water, but still they were given with sufficient force, if they had not been skillfully parried, for any one of them to have proved fatal. In a little while we found ourselves locked, each with his left hand grasping the other's wrist, while the knives waved to and fro above our helmets.

"Suddenly I began to lose my air, and was horrified to see a small piece of the rubber hose drop down before my eyes, and I knew that Bill had severed the pipe—but still at that moment I remember thinking that it must have been an accident, as Bill, even in his anger, would not take such a mean advantage over his adversary.

"Suffocation quickly followed, but before entirely losing consciousness I gave the signal to be drawn to the surface; and then I knew no more until I found myself lying upon the schooner's deck, with helmet off and my head resting on Bill's knee, wiping the blood and foam from my nostrils. He was 'dressed' just as he had been when going into the water, barring the removal of the glass 'face piece' in his headgear.

"When I opened my eyes and looked around I saw him wave the rest of the chaps aside, and then he bent down until the cold copper of his helmet touched my cheek, as he whispered: 'Thank God, Tom, you're safe. But don't, for the sake of our friendship, say a word of what's happened to our shipmates. And oh, if you can, forgive me yourself.'

"Forgive him? Why, bless him, I've loved him since that moment. And never from that day to this has the affair been spoken of to anyone but ourselves."

"How was it that he cut your hose, willing to take your life, yet still did so much to bring you to?" asked the captain, incredulously.

"Bill was quick tempered, and he was in an awful rage. He would not have hesitated to have thrust his knife into my heart, albeit he would have been sorry for it the next instant, but cutting the 'pipe' was an accident—and when he saw the terrible death with which I was threatened his anger disappeared like the mists of morning before the gentle sea-breeze. The 'boys' told me that when I came to the surface I was in Bill's arms, and it was his own hands which unlocked the helmet from the 'collar' and gave me air. They also told me that he would not stop to have his 'weights' unbuckled, nor his 'head piece' removed, but just knelt down beside me, calling all the while for me to open my eyes, just as though I had been a brother."

"How about the young woman who was the cause of all this trouble? What became of her?" inquired the captain, with much interest.

"O Nancy? Poor girl," said Tom. "Why, she didn't care nothing for either of us two fools. All the time we were thinking that we might prevail upon her to cruise in our company she had agreed to sign articles with a young mate of an East Indiaman. So when we found that out we both of us took a job which lasted us about two years down in Key West. But when we got back we heard that Nancy had been a bride, a mother, and was then a widow, the poor chap whom she married having been lost at sea on his very next voyage.

"Then Bill and I hunted her up, and when we found her we adopted her for our sister. We came out here to 'Frisco, where business is better than on the Atlantic coast, and she came, too, and we've looked after her ever since."

"Her child. Did it live?" inquired the captain, interestedly.

"Well, I reckon it did. Lastwise it was alive a couple of hours ago when I saw it going over the rail yonder with a month's pay in its pocket to gladden a mother's heart," replied the old diver, with a quiet chuckle.

"What! Do you mean that Neddy, your 'tender,' is Nancy's boy?"

"That's just about the size of it, cap'n. And he's a boy that no woman need be ashamed of either; and if his mother will let the lad follow the business into which he's started—and that's what Bill has gone up to the house to find out—I'll wager my gear and 'dress' that within five years there won't be a diver on the Pacific coast who will 'dip' deeper or work longer under water than the same boy."

"But Nancy?" asked the captain. "Will she never marry?"

"Hush, cap'n!" exclaimed the diver in a low voice. "Not until either Bill or I have 'sounded' for the last time and been laid away in our armor. Then perhaps she might."—True Flag.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
101 & 103 Thames Street.
Residence, 14 Everett Street.
Telephone Calls { Office, 6555-4. Residence, 6589-4.

HOW TO DETECT IT.

Some Valuable Hints Regarding the Grip—Signs of Its Approach and How to Counteract Them.

The discussion as to the cause of the Grip is of course interesting, but gives little satisfaction to its unfortunate victims. Whether caused by microbe or vagaries of the weather, its ravages continue and the country still bends under the scourge. In Chicago, recently, the deaths from this cause were so great that the undertaking facilities of the city were insufficient to meet the emergency. The death rate is correspondingly high all through the Northern and Eastern states.

It cannot be too strongly impressed on people that, in order to ward off the disease, warning symptoms must be regarded and prompt action taken. It becomes extremely difficult to dislodge the disease if allowed to take its course. Hence its name. It generally commences with a slight headache, or pains in the small of the back or limbs. It does not always give one even as plain a hint as this—a feeling of tightness across the forehead, buzzing in the ears, or peculiar feeling about the eyes, may be all the caution one gets, so it is culpable carelessness to neglect even these slight signs.

The remedy lies in a stimulant, and the preference should be given to whiskey. All the doctors of the country are agreed on this point, but are very careful to impress on their patients the fact that pure whiskey alone must be taken. Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky is the purest on the market, and can be readily obtained at all drug stores. This preparation, which is endorsed by all the leading doctors, scientists and chemists of the present day, is this year adding to the first-class reputation which it won during the epidemic of the Grip last year. There are many imitators who say their whiskies are "just as good." Do not be deceived. They are not. Duffy's Pure Malt is the only medicinal one.

GROCERIES.

WE DEFY COMPETITION!
We Can and Will Save You Money.
Standard Granulated Sugar, 21 lbs. for $1.
Columbia A Sugar, 22 lbs. for $1.
Canary C Sugar, 24 lbs. for $1.
A genuine 50c. Tea for 25c. per lb.; cannot be duplicated.
O. G. Java Coffee, 20c. a lb.; 3½ lbs. for $1. Roasted fresh weekly.
Best Haxall Flour made, 80c. a bag; $6.25 a bbl.
Best St. Louis Flour made, 75c. a bag; $5.75 a bbl.
A gallon can of Apples for 35c.
Two cans French Peas for 25c.
Two cans Hubbard Squash for 25c.
Two cans Boston Marrow Squash for 25c.
Three cans String Beans for 25c.
A genuine Chinese Tea Strainer given to each purchaser of a pound of tea.
YOUNG BROS.

SPECIAL.
Chalmer's Gelatine,
10c. per package.
PELEG BRYER & SON.

John H. Crosby, Jr.,
BELLEVUE AVENUE,
DEALER IN
FINE GROCERIES.
Fresh and Salt Meats, Vegetables of all kinds. Choice Teas, Pure Spices and Coffees, Butter and Cheese from best Vermont and New York dairies constantly on hand. A large variety of standard Canned Goods; also a complete assortment of goods usually kept in a first-class store.
ESTABLISHED 1814.

NOTICE to CIGAR DEALERS AND SMOKERS.
Having been appointed wholesale agents for Newport by DeRose & Co., we desire to introduce their
Rose Bouquet Vegnera Cheroots,
3 for 5c. at retail.
Jobbing prices to the trade and sample box free with first order.
C. Sherman & Co.,
243 & 245 Thames Street.

COAL AND WOOD.
SCHOONER
GARDINER B. REYNOLDS
NOW DISCHARGING
630 tons
PLYMOUTH COAL.
FOR SALE BY
Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.
ANTHRACITE COAL, RED AND WHITE ASH OF THE BEST QUALITY
of all sizes and well screened, at the
Lowest Market Prices.
Also Oak, Maple and Pine Wood Kindlings.
W. J. SWINBURNE,
173 THAMES STREET.
Telephone.

BLUEFISH,
Shad, Striped Bass, Blackfish, Scup, Butterfish, Halibut, Flounders, Codfish and Fresh Herring,
—AT—
WILLIAMSON'S FISH MARKET,
1496 & 208 Thames Street.

PLUMBERS AND STEAM FITTERS
GAS FIXTURES
—AND—
GLOBES.
LYNCH & SULLIVAN,
11 MILL STREET.

P. J. MURPHY,
Practical Plumber.
Successor to C. Greason.
SPRING ST., ONE DOOR NORTH OF MILL STREET.
Sanitary plumbing and ventilation a specialty and will receive prompt and personal attention. Connection by telephone.

ESTABLISHED 1846.
James Openshaw,
SUCCESSOR TO
McAdam & Openshaw, N. M. Chaffee & Co. and J. G. Weaver, Jr.,
PRACTICAL and SANITARY PLUMBER,
No. 6 MILL STREET.
Telephone connection.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.
A. STEWART & SON'S
Hack, Livery and Boarding Stables,
4 & 11 PELHAM STREET.
First-class horses and carriages to rent by the month; also village and dog carts. One four-horse FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH BRAG for parties at short notice. First-class accommodations for wintering horses at our farm. Terms reasonable. We have just added to our establishment a large CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, and shall have on sale a great variety of fine carriages at reasonable prices.
A. STEWART & SON, 4 & 11 Pelham St.

CAB SERVICE.
The undersigned is prepared to furnish Cabs and Carriages at prices in accordance with the times.
GEORGE A. FERGUSON,
OFFICE AT 24 BEACH STREET.
Telephone connection.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
The Getchell Piano
This is one of the finest pianos for a medium price in the market. It stands in tune the best of any I know of. It has a full, clear tone and is in a rich mahogany case. Those thinking of purchasing a piano will do well to call and examine this and other instruments that I have, before buying.
JOHN VARS,
172 THAMES STREET,
Entrance through Carr's Bookstore.

NEW MUSIC
Only Authorized Edition of
Strauss' Album, 50c.

NEW SONGS.
"Oh My, What a Dreadful Thing."
Waltz Song, "Bring Me Sweet Blossoms."
"I'll Come Back Again," as sung by Cleveland's Minstrels.
"Sweet Katie Conner," song and chorus.
"Pauline Mazurka," Yorke dance.
John Rogers,
210 Thames Street.

FRASCH'S
ICE CREAM and ICES.
CHAS. F. FRASCH 170 Thames St.

YOU CAN GET
These beautiful, luxurious sofas and chairs upholstered in hair in the best manner and cover[illegible]
[illegible] Mill street. GEO. NASON

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

MARY E. BALDWIN, M. D.,
OFFICE HOURS: { 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. / 6.30 to 7.30 P. M.
113 Touro St. Telephone number 622-1.

DR. JOHN S. ENGS
Has removed his dental office from Franklin St. to the **Newton Building**, at foot of Pelham Street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements of twenty-five words under this head are inserted three times for twenty-five cents. Payment must be made with the order.

WANTED—Situation by a young man, strong and able to work; would like a position driving; understands the care of horses, or any other kind of work. Box 63, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper, or work by the day or week; would do housecleaning, either city or country. References. 96 Pond Pleasant street.

WANTED—By a young woman to do house cleaning or cooking by the day or week; references. Apply at Box 4, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By a Scotch girl, a situation to do light housework or second work. Address Box 37, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by a competent girl; would do washing and chamber work or chamberwork and laundress, in a private family. Address Box 37, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By a young girl, work by the day; willing to do sewing if required. 111 Thames street.

HELP WANTED.

Advertisements of twenty-five words under this head are inserted three times for twenty-five cents. Payment must be made with the order.

WANTED—Woman to do scrubbing. Apply at Perry House.

WANTED—In a very small family, a competent girl to do general housework; must be good cook and laundress and have good references. Good wages will be paid; another servant kept. Address Box 9, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A young man for store. Apply at 58 and 70 Spring street.

WANTED—A strong, capable woman for housework and washing. Wages $4 a week. Northeast corner Greenough place and Old Beach road.

WANTED—At once, a gentleman well acquainted in Newport, of good standing, to introduce an entirely new publication, contributed to by His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons. Sells at sight. $15 per week if found competent. Must have good reference. H. McElroy, 31 Westminster street, Providence, R. I.

WANTED—A coachman; a man who is a thoroughly good city driver, perfectly temperate and experienced in the care of fine carriages and horses. Apply by letter, with references, to P. O. Box 872, Providence, R. I.

Wanted---Experienced Salesmen.

Apply at once at our store, 134 Thames street.
PLYMOUTH ROCK PANTS CO.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—By a respectable lady, one or two unfurnished rooms. State price. Apply at Daily News Office, Box 52.

TO LET—Lower tenement 11 Newport avenue with all modern improvements; rent moderate. Apply on premises or at 3 Division St.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of 25 words or less, under this head inserted once for 25 cents and 10 cents for each time thereafter.

LOST—Thursday evening, a silver Elgin watch, gold hinges on case. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to owner. John Jaffray, Maple avenue.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

From the 16th up to and including the 21th April 1891, before the BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport, the following-named persons made applications for license under the provisions of Chapter 816 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure Spirituous, Intoxicating and Malt Liquors within the limits of the city, viz.:—

CROHANE D. CURRAN, 55 Long Wharf.
LAWRENCE J. DARBY, 472 Thames Street.
JOHN G. WEAVER, Jr., Manager "Ocean House," Bellevue Avenue.
THOMAS HORGAN, 57 West Broadway, corner Oak Street.
LAWRENCE P. SULLIVAN, 432 Thames Street.
MICHAEL L. FINN, 630 Thames Street.

To sell at retail only.

THE BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS will be in session on Friday May 7th 1891 at ten o'clock A. M., at their office in Mill street, when opportunity will be given for remonstrants to be heard before acting upon said applications or granting licenses under them.

Published by the License Commissioners.
HARWOOD E. READ,
SAMUEL McADAM,
STEPHEN P. SLOCUM.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

James H. Barney, Jr.,
Stock Broker,
301 1-2 THAMES ST., ROOMS 4 and 5.

Orders executed for any stocks or bonds sold on New York Stock or Consolidated Exchange or Boston Stock Exchange. Certificates promptly delivered. Local stocks a specialty.
Correspondence solicited. Telephone.

HOUSEKEEPERS!
Closing out Sale of
TOILET SETS at $2.37,
Of 10 pieces Decorated English Ware.
DINNER SETS at $9.70,
Of 114 pieces Decorated Ware.
J. H. MARTIN,
203 THAMES STREET.
Opposite Hammett's Bookstore.

TEAS.
Owing to the success of our teas during the past, we are induced to continue advertising them in this direct manner. Any kind you like,
10 lbs. - - $3.00.
(With canister, $3.50.)
5 lbs. - - 1.60.
3 lbs. - - 1.00.
1 lb. - - .35.
We have made a specially fine English Breakfast Tea at 35c. Samples given away on application.
F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.,
16 & 20 Washington Square, Newport, R. I.
150 Front Street, New York.

Anthony Burton.
Schooner Anthony Burton has arrived and is discharging
WILKESBARRE,
EGG AND FURNACE
COAL
—FOR—
Perry Brothers.

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Linoleums,
Mattings,
Rugs, Mats, etc.,
WALL PAPERS, WINDOW SHADES, DRAPERY MATERIALS.
Carpet and Curtain Upholstery by experienced workmen.
WM. C. COZZENS & CO.,
138 THAMES STREET.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 8 A. M.—For New England:—Fair, except showers near the coast; northwesterly winds; cooler.

For eastern New York:—Generally fair; northerly winds; slight changes in temperature.

BLUE HILL PREDICTIONS.

For tonight and Saturday:—Fair weather; slight change in temperature.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

April 21.	8 A. M.	12 M.	2 P. M.
Temperature,	48	58	60
Barometer,	29.48	29.51	29.49
Wind,	N	N	N
Weather,	Cloudy	Cloudy	Fair

TODAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lost—Watch; 8th page.
Asthma Cured; 2d page.
Wanted—Rooms; 8th page.
Wanted—Woman; 8th page.
H. McElroy—Wanted; 8th page.
The Bee Hive—Corsets; 8th page.
C. H. Fletcher—Horses; 8th page.
Cleveland's Baking Powder; 1st page.
Mercury Hall—Electric Lodge; 4th page.
License Commissioners—Notice; 8th page.
Probate Court—Est. P. Robinson; 8th page.
Probate Court—Est. W. S. Patton; 5th page.
Probate Court—Est. G. O. Herrmann; 5th page.
Probate Court—Est. J. D. Richardson; 5th page.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Flowers are a trifle cheaper.

—Mr. J. R. Kendall of Boston is in town.

—The Newport Journal is issued this afternoon.

—Pneumonia and the grip are on the decrease.

—Scup are not numerous, and the price is very high.

—Mrs. James H. Taylor and Miss Kendall are in town.

—Miss Gertrude Wildes is guest of Mrs. G. K. Warren.

—The Casino Club will be opened one week from today.

—So far about four hundred dog licenses have been issued.

—Mr. and Mrs. Lansing Zabriskie have returned from Europe.

—Chaplain Holway reported for duty on the Richmond Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Francis A. Stout will sail for Havre tomorrow.

—Captain Snow of schooner Young Brothers is in town. The vessel is at Philadelphia.

—Mr. John H. Glover and Mr. Rhinelander of New York are visiting Mr. Le Roy King.

—Schooner C. & J. A. Pinard has arrived at Brunswick, Georgia, on her first voyage out.

—The Nook and Newport rifle teams will have a match at the Miantonomi hill range tomorrow.

—Mr. Arthur B. Mumford and family have returned from a visit of several weeks to friends in Fall River.

—Rev. and Mrs. W. I. Ward of Nantic, Conn., and formerly of this city, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Fred Kandl.

—Mr. George M. Hunter of this city will probably be Mr. James H. Taylor's successor as druggist at the state institutions.

—Patrick Henry has been appointed sergeant major of Charles E. Lawton Post, No. 5, G. A. R., in place of William S. Bailey, resigned.

—The members of Rhode Island Lodge of Odd Fellows will attend services at the Thames-street Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday evening.

—The tautog season has opened, and very handsome specimens are shown in the markets, where some fine-looking shad and codfish are also offered.

—United States training ships Jamestown, Commander B. P. Lamberton, and Portsmouth, Commander John J. Schonter, sailed April 10 from St. Thomas, West Indies, for New York.

—Tug Fern is expected at the Training Station any day now to receive the draft of boys for the Lancaster, which has been ordered to the Pacific station.

—Colonel Pierce and other officers of the Rhode Island regiment will make an official visit to Davis Division, No. 8, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias.

—Mr. and Mrs. John W. Ellis, who were not at their "Stonacre" villa last season, and Mr. and Mrs. S. Jones Colford of New York are at Hartmann's.

—Colonel Thomas A. Carr and Miss Alice W. Carr are on their way from the South, whither they went last winter for the benefit of the latter's health.

—Mr. C. S. Johnson of this city was groomsman at the marriage of Mr. Benjamin F. Lightfoot to Miss Ida May Jones in Providence Wednesday evening.

—Rev. Dr. Charles G. Gilliat will officiate on Sunday next at St. Mary's Church, South Portsmouth, at 11 A. M., and at Holy Cross Chapel, Middletown, at 2.30 P. M.

—Rev. E. M. Porter will preach his first sermon as rector of Emmanuel Church on Sunday, May 3, and will preach to Roger Williams Lodge, Sons of Veterans, at the evening service.

—A gentleman introduced himself to Governor Van Zandt at Richfield Springs last summer and was surprised to learn that he was not still governor of the state, as he had never heard of any other.

—Acting General Secretary Thurston received a letter this morning from Mr. A. T. Stratton of Dover, N. H., in which the latter declined the call recently given him to the general secretaryship of the local Young Men's Christian Association.

—Mr. David S. Collins, secretary of the state board of agriculture, and Mr. Wheeler, chemist at the state experimental school in Kingston, were in town today, securing samples of the fertilizers offered for sale in this city, for use at the experimental station.

—The ball game between the East Greenwich Academy nine and that representing the Training Station will be played at the Island grounds tomorrow afternoon, beginning about half past one and ending at 4 o'clock, as the visitors have to leave on the 4.30 trip of the Eolus.

—Mrs. Malcom has as her guest at her cottage on Kay street her niece, Mrs. Frank MacLaughlin, Jr., formerly Malcom, the wife of the young proprietor of the Philadelphia Times. Mrs. MacLaughlin is looking for a cottage, expecting to make Newport her summer home.

—There was a slight fire Wednesday evening at the residence of Rev. C. H. Malcom, on Kay street, by which some of the drapery and furniture of one of the rooms was slightly damaged. The blaze was extinguished without calling in assistance, Mrs. Malcom being slightly burned about the arms, while filling the role of an amateur fireman.

—Freights at Providence are lively according to a shipping merchant, but vessels are scarce just at this time. Cargoes for Baltimore and other ports are in readiness at good rates. Within the past few days a number of vessels have been chartered for New Jersey ports, Boston and elsewhere. The Reynolds schooners do not lack for charters.

—Superintendent Baker is arranging for an appropriate observance of Arbor day, which occurs on Friday, May 8, two weeks from today. It is probable that the only tree planting will be in the yard of the Calvert school, and that ivy will be planted to run on several of the other buildings. In each of the schools there will be appropriate exercises at the morning sessions.

—The Providence Journal says, regarding the cargo of the stranded ship Lydia Skolfield:—"The cargo of 7,000 barrels is worth $20 per barrel aboard the ship, and $32 discharged in this city. This will make the value of the cargo delivered $224,000. It is estimated that it is costing the wreckers $10 or more per barrel to remove oil, which adds $70,000 to the value of the oil. The insurance company is doing all in its power to save the wealth."

—At the meeting of the Grand Council of Rhode Island, Royal Arcanum, held in Providence yesterday, Clovis H. Bowen of Pawtucket was elected grand regent; Edward L. Spencer, grand treasurer; Frank G. Harris, one of the grand trustees, and William D. Sayer, grand representative. Colonel Council was represented by Past Regents James T. Wright, David Stevens, Thomas P. Peckham, William H. Lee and George E. Vernon, and Commitent Council by Past Regents Edward L. Spencer and Abbott Chandler.

—Yesterday the detail of schoolmasters from the Richmond to the Monongahela was announced, those transferred being Hartman, Donald, Spicer, Hazard, Coughlin and Wheeler. These will be transferred to the Monongahela when she receives her draft of two hundred and fifty boys, and will serve in their present capacity on board that vessel during the coming cruise of a year in the Mediterranean sea and Southern ports, returning to this country in 1892. It is expected that the ship will sail on her cruise about May 15, though she may, if everything works smoothly, get away before that time.

—At the meeting of Newport Lodge of Elks last night Exalted Ruler Waters announced the following appointments:—Esquire, George A. Wilcox; inner guard, H. N. Gifford; chaplain, W. C. Congdon; organist, Joseph Bradford. A committee was appointed to arrange, if feasible, for a social to which ladies will be invited. These ladies nights, so called, have proved very successful, when given by lodges of the order in neighboring cities.

Exalted Ruler Waters was elected delegate to represent the lodge at the coming meeting of the Grand Lodge at Louisville, Ky.

MARY CATHERINE HANDY.

Mary Catherine Handy, whose death is announced today, was one of those sterling women of Newport whose life had been devoted to good works, and whose acquaintance among the older generation of Newporters was regarded as a boon of almost priceless worth. She had lived beyond the limit of four score years and her recollections reached back to the early years, of the century. She was the daughter of Major John Handy an officer in the Continental army, who was the first to read the Declaration of Independence in Newport. This was done from the steps of the old Colonial house or State House on July 4, 1776, and forty years later he repeated the same patriotic duty from the State House steps. Miss Handy lived for many years with her two maiden sisters, Annie and Catherine, in the house corner of Mary and Thames streets. Here she kept a school for young children, who were taught in the elementary branches and sewing. A large part of the children of the better class of citizens of Newport attended their first school here, and among her pupils was ex-Governor Van Zandt. Boys as well as girls were taught to sew, and Governor Van Zandt recalls vividly the "thimble pies" which he received from Miss Handy's hand for his poor needlework and inattention, and he has now in his possession a piece of patchwork, "very bad needlework," he says, which he wrought at this school. In the lower part of the building Mr. John F. Townsend, father of Christopher Townsend, kept a little dry goods store. Miss Handy was a cousin of the late Charles Handy Russell and of Commodore Robert Handy, U. S. N., who died a few years ago, and her family was one of considerable wealth. Miss Handy lived for many years in the rooms over the stores formerly occupied by Brown, Goddard & Barlow, and when the recent alterations were made she gave up housekeeping, and has since been living quietly on Spring street, a pleasure, in her declining years, to those whose good fortune it was to know and call upon her. Miss Handy's sister Annie survives her.

POLICE NOTES.

Patrick Murphy has been fined for revelling.

Herbert B. Hazard has been arraigned for being a common drunkard. He pleaded not guilty and his case was continued until Tuesday.

For addition Local News see fifth page.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

TOILET SETS
At Reduced Prices
During this week.
14 sets at $2.00; former price $2.50
10 sets at 2.50; former price 3.00
9 sets at 4.00; former price 4.50
ERASTUS P. ALLAN.
131 & 133 Thames Street.

The Daughters of the Late Mr. and Mrs. Callaghan
Will continue the purchase and sale of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
Cast Off Clothing,
At the same place of business
142 Spring Street.
THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES
Will be given and EXPRESS CHARGES PAID on all parcels from without the city, as elsewhere.

FINE AND FRESH
Cut Flowers and Plants.
ALSO
FLOWER SEEDS
And everything in the florist line, at
H. J. Hass's
No. 234 THAMES STREET.
Connected by telephone.

IF YOU WANT A
GOOD STEEL TIRE
You will find it at
J. R. Bachelleur's, Commercial Wharf.

NEW GOODS.
Brown and black stiff and soft hats, from 50c. to $3.50.
Elegant line of Neckwear in Teck and Four-in-hand, 25c. and 50c.
Soft Choviot and Flannel Shirts, 14 1-2 to 18, at 50c., 75c., $1 and $1.50.
Choice patterns in Trousers for men and youths, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 to $7.
Seasonable underwear at all prices, 50c. to $2.

Custom Department.
Doing a good business in this department—making suits to order from large line of samples from $15 to $35, and Trousers from $5 to $10.

Laundry Work.
GOOD WORK. PROMPT SERVICE.

Martin E. Bennett,
Next Caswell, Massey & Co.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE

Cargo freshly-mined free-burning CORBIN RED ASH
COAL
Lately discharged and for sale
—BY—
PINNIGER & MANCHESTER

NEWPORT Laundry Company.
Patronize Home Industries.
Why send your laundry work out of town? We can do it promptly and satisfactorily by the most approved methods.
Our Family Work Second to None in New England.
Shirts, Collars and Cuffs a Specialty.
Orders may be left with the following authorized agents, from whom collections are made daily:
J. D. Richardson & Co., 306 Thames Street.
James P. Taylor, 189 Thames Street.
F. A. Daniels, Young's Block.
Millard F. Sherman, Thames and Marlboro.
John M. Dugan, 448 Thames Street.
Wm. F. Kuhn, 221 Spring, cor. Prospect Hill.
Simeon Westall, 64 Bridge Street.
Ernest Ottilige, 23 Bath Road.
Mary McGowan 106 Bellevue Avenue.

AUCTION SALES.
At Auction!
Steam Yacht DIONE,
At the yard of P. B. WARREN, foot of RHODES STREET, in the City of Providence, R. I.,
Wednesday, April 29, '91,
At 12 o'clock M., at above-named yard.
Said yacht is 23½ feet long, 6 feet beam, timbered and planked with oak, has a large cabin with glass sides, two berths, Cruiksnank engine, Hicks boiler, keel condenser, with shaft pump, ample water-carrying capacity, improved injector, best steering apparatus, two masts hand pump, between three and four gross tonnage, and can carry from twelve to fifteen people; sufficient room for storing supplies; boiler room and cabin separate; recently painted and put in good order. For further particulars apply to the auctioneer. WM. H. HERRICK.

THE CONTENTS OF
Bellevue Ave. Book Store, Downing Block,
AT AUCTION,
Commencing on Monday, April 27, at 2 and 7 P. M. each day,
Until all the stock is sold.
Elegant line of Note Paper, Engravings, Books, Fancy Articles, etc.; and on Wednesday afternoon the Fixtures of the store, consisting of Showcases, Counters, Shelving, Safe, Stove, etc.
THOS. BURLINGHAM, Auc'r.

AUCTION SALES.
HAVING made the necessary arrangements I am prepared to conduct auction sales of all descriptions at reasonable rates, and would solicit a share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed. T. W. FREEBORNE.
Office hours from 6 to 8 P. M., 116 Spring St.

WANTED.
Parties wanting to buy tables will do well by calling at H. J. Jones's, 14 Mill street, and see the large stock of tables from $1.60 to $10.
I have a lot of new and second-hand furniture which I sell at a very low price.
Please examine my goods.
H. F. JONES, 14 Mill Street.

GRANULATED TOBACCO AND SULPHUR.
The Most Complete Fertilizer Known for Lawns, Gardens, Plants, Shrubs, Vines, etc.
An odorless and clean dressing without foreign seed; can be applied any time in the season. Decomposition takes place after application, thus furnishing a gradual food for the roots of the grass. No earth worms can live where this is like ally applied. Nothing produces such a dark green color as a TOBACCO FERTILIZER. It will keep flowers thrifty. A small handful in a hill will insure smooth potatoes and a large crop.
F. C. STURTEVANT,
HARTFORD, CONN.,
GEO. A. WEAVER and C. E. SPOONER
Newport, Seedsmen.

F. A. ALLAN,
Carpenter and Builder
17 WARNER STREET.

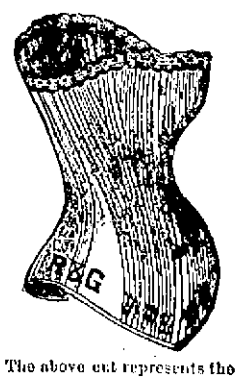
BOOKS, PERIODICALS, &c.
NEW BOOKS.
Jerry, by Sarah Barnwell Elliott.
On the Heights (paper edition), by Berthold Auerbach.
Our Italy, by Charles Dudley Warner.
Rand-McNally's Official Railway Guide for April.
Maiden's Choosing, by the author of Margaret Kent (paper edition).
—AT—
C. E. HAMMETT, JR.'S,
202 THAMES STREET.

Balzac's Ursula,
Translated by Katharine Prescott Wormeley.
Excursions in Art and Letters, by Wm. W. Story.
One of Our Conquerors, by George Meredith.
The Risen Dead, by Florence Marryat.
Ardath, the Story of a Dead Self, by Marie Corelli.
The Peerless Cook Book, by Mrs. D. A. Lincoln; price 15c.
GEORGE H. CARR,
NO. 172 THAMES STREET.

Stop at Clarke's
AND SEE THE
PICTURE
Given Away
WITH THE
New York Recorder.
A Field of Tares.
Franklin Square Library.
A Love Match, by Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
Sardou's Cleopatra, by A. D. Hall.
Susan Fielding, by Mrs. Annie Edwards.
FOR SALE BY
NEW YORK BOOK CO.,
142 THAMES STREET.

C. H. FLETCHER'S
COMBINATION
Sale and Boarding Stable,
Corner Pine and Power Streets,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.
Extensive and direct shipper of horses. Headquarters in Rhode Island for
Horses at Lowest Possible Prices.
Just arrived, Peter O'Brien of St. Lawrence county, New York, with ten horses, as good as money can buy. This is a lot of horses for ladies and gentlemen, fine driving, and should attract the attention of lovers of fine horses. In weights from 1,000 to 1,150 lbs. Also Mr. Owen Beouy of Indiana, with one car, twenty horses, embracing some extra pairs, in weights from 2,100 to 3,100 lbs. Some fine Saddle Horses. We call the attention of buyers to call and see this commodious stock of horses. Such a lot seldom reaches Providence market, and should be seen to be appreciated. Also extensive dealers in new and second-hand Carriages of every description, and Harnesses. J. R. JENKINS, Manager.
Telephone 1112-2.

Gold Silver Bronze Medals
The highest honors have been awarded for these Instruments.
Bay-State Guitars,
MANDOLIN'S and BANJOS; also Wm. B. Tilton & Haynes Excelsior Guitars. Send for Catalogue for all Musical Instruments.
J. C. HAYNES & CO., Boston, Mass.



The above cut represents the
"R. & G." CORSETS,
One of the best makes of corsets in America. These corsets possess natural virtues: they are extra long in the waist, have small bust, made of coutil, boned with best French horn and superior in various ways to many other makes. We have the sole agency for them in this city. We have them in white and black in sizes from 18 to 26 inch. Try them, and if you don't like them you can return them to us.
In consequence of many additional new makes of corsets we find our corset department too crowded, and to gain space quickly we have decided to name these exceptional prices on the following corsets:—
The celebrated "Watch Spring," regular price $1.25, for only 89c.
Domino C. P. and P. D., regular price $1.75 for $ .40.
Sateen C. P. and P. D., regular price $2.50, for $1.95.
German Woven Corsets, regular price 75c., for 62c.
It should be borne in mind that these special prices are for one object only, namely, to gain room for us, and ladies are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity and thereby save money, as these prices will be discontinued as soon as our object is gained.

The Bee Hive,
159 THAMES STREET.